The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 19, 1867. NO. 188.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the New York Herald.

GOVERNMENT STRENGTH IN THE FRENCH LEGISLATURE.

The French Legislature is classed into three bodies, namely, the "right," or government party (so-called from sitting on the benches to the right of the Speaker, *L'Orateur*); the "left," or opposition party, sitting to the left of the Speaker; the "third party" (*tiers parti*), sitting as they please, who correspond with the independent members of the English Parliament. The late debate in the Chamber shows the strength of the three parties, the government numbering some one hundred and eighty votes, the opposition twenty five and the third party sixty-one—presuming that all the members were present. M. Jules Favre is the leading man of the opposition and a very able, debater and speaker.—From this it will be seen that even if the third party joined the opposition on any question the two would be largely outvoted by the government side.

GARIBALDI ON THE ITALIAN ELECTIONS.

Garibaldi's stirring address to the Italian people, published in the *Herald* a few days since, on the present elections, is censured by political men in Italy who seriously desire to consolidate the situation of the country. The *Nazione* exclaims:—"Woe to Garibaldi if he is to be judged by his words and by his writings rather than by his actions.—It would seem that he undertakes to destroy with his pen the results gained by his sword." It is likely that Garibaldi is irritated by the success of the pontificial government in negotiations with the Italian Envoy, Signor Torello, for which there is a sort of jubilation now going on at Rome in ecclesiastical circles.

RUSSIA ON THE EASTERN QUESTION.

The *Politik* (Bohemian Gazette) contains an official letter on the Eastern question, addressed by the government of St. Petersburg to the Servian Minister of Foreign Affairs. The following is the text:—"Russia is not at all disposed to adjourn the solution of the Eastern question. She does not wish to hear anything more said about conciliation between the Turks and Christians. Let the Christians obtain their freedom by force of arms, if they can. Russia will only watch that foreign powers do not interfere in this war between the Porte and its subjects; for if they did interfere Russia would be forced to take up actively the defence of the Christians. Russia desires that Turkey in Europe be replaced by three federal States, namely, Servia, Roumania and Greece, with a central government at Constantinople." This Russian Programme has the great virtue of being intelligible.

THE RECONSTRUCTION [illegible]

The delegation appointed by the Legislature of Virginia called yesterday on the Senate Committee on the Judiciary. The interview was of a highly satisfactory character, and the latter was assured of the earnest intention of that State to return to her place in the Union under the terms proposed by Congress. The delegation, just previous to their returning to Richmond, visited President Johnson, who, according to the statement of one of the members of the delegation, said that notwithstanding his opposition to the Reconstruction bill, it was now a law of the land, and he should faithfully execute it; that he thought the Legislature had done right by promptly accepting its terms, which he hoped would tend to alleviate the bitterness produced by the late war, and at an early day restore the Southern States to all their relations to the Federal Government.

From Richmond to night I learn that the officers of the Virginia State Department, accompanied by several members of the Legislature, were to day officially introduced to Gen. Schofield. The call for a Convention was approved of by the General. He advised the Assembly to continue in session. In relation to elections he said nothing, the subject being under consideration. Assurances of good feeling were given by both parties.

It is stated from Georgia that Alexander H. Stephens opposes the views and opinions of Governor Brown on reconstruction.—*Cor. N. Y. Herald, 15th inst.*

BARNUM AND HIS NIGGERS.—Barnum, P. T., not the man of iron, has fairly commenced his political campaign. His speech, delivered at Stamford, on the evening of the 8th, was, in every respect, worthy of the man, worthy of his antecedents, and honoring, in the last degree, to the constituency whom he seeks to represent in Congress. It must have been gratifying to the inhabitants of Stamford to hear their candidate glorying in his humbug. Barnum's allusion to the "nigger" is not the least interesting part of his speech. He gues is for the universal freedom of mankind." But it was not always so with him. He once lived in the South and owned slaves. "I did more," he says: "I whipped my slaves." It was well that Barnum made the confession. It may convince them that he is now a wiser and a better man. It will convince others that he is a good specimen of the Yankee character. It always was true that the nigger loving Yankee of the North became the negro whipping Yankee of the South. Barnum made one grand omission in his speech. He ought to have reminded his hearers of the "property" which he once held in the free State of New York, and in the person of Joyce Heth, and of the niggerizing propensities which he then manifested. This treat, however, he is perhaps reserving for another occasion. We shall watch his progress with interest.—*New York Herald.*

Mayor Slaughter had an interview yesterday with President Johnson and Attorney General Stanbury, for the purpose of ascertaining the status of Fredericksburg, whether the election of municipal officers on Monday was to take place in accordance with the terms of the charter or under the recently passed Military bill.

Although treated with great politeness, the Mayor was unable to obtain a decision from either the President or his Attorney General. He was informed that Gen. Schofield had been put in command in Virginia, and the question is of course committed to his decision.

As General Schofield took command under the Military bill, yesterday, there can be no longer any doubt of the fact, but that the election on Monday next will be held under the provisions of the Military Force Bill.—*Fredericksburg Herald.*

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

[Radical members marked "R.;" Conservatives marked "C."

CONNECTICUT.
James Dixon, c,
Orris S. Ferry, r

CALIFORNIA.
John Conness, r
Cornelius Cole, r

DELAWARE.
Geo Read Riddle, c
Willard Saulsbury, c

ILLINOIS.
Richard Yates, r
Vacancy.

INDIANA.
Thos A Hendricks, c
Lyman Trumbull, r

IOWA.
James W Grimes, r
James Harlan, r

KANSAS
Vacancy
Do

MAINE.
Lott M Morrill, r
W P Fessenden, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
Chas Sumner, r
Henry Wilson, r

MARYLAND.
Reverdy Johnson, c
Vacancy

MISSOURI.
John B Henderson, r
C D Drake, r

MICHIGAN.
Zachariah Chandler, r
Jacob M Howard, r

KENTUCKY.
James Guthrie, c
Vacancy.

MINNESOTA.
Alex Ramsay, r
Dan'l S Norton, c

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Aaron H Cragin, r
Jas W Patterson, r

NEW YORK.
Edwin D Morgan, r
Roscoe Conkling, r

NEW JERSEY.
A G Cattell, r
F T Frelinghuysen, r

NEVADA.
Wm M Stewart, r
Vacancy

OHIO.
Benj. F Wade, r
John Sherman, r

OREGON.
Geo H Williams, r
Henry W Corbett, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
Chas R Buckalew, c
Simon Cameron, r

RHODE ISLAND.
Wm Sprague, r
Henry B Anthony, r

TENNESSEE.
David T Fowler, r
J S Patterson, c

VERMONT.
Geo F Edmunds, r
Simon Cameron, r

WISCONSIN.
Jas B. Doolittle, r
Vacancy.

WEST VIRGINIA.
Peter G Van Winkle, r
Waitman T Willey, r

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

NEW YORK.
1 Stephen Taber, c
2 Demas Barnes, c
3 Wm E Robinson, c
4 John Fox, c
5 John Morrissey, c
6 Thos E Stewart, c
7 John W Chandler, c
8 James Brooks, c
9 Fernando Wood, c
10 Wm H Robertson, c
11 Chas H Van Wyck, r
12 John H Ketcham, r
13 Thos Cornell, r
14 J V L Pruyn, c
15 J A Griswold, r
16 Orange Ferriss, r
17 C T Hulburd, r
18 Wm H Kelsey, r
19 Wm C Fields, r
20 A H Laflin, r
21 Roscoe Conkling, r
22 J C Churchill, r
23 Dennis McCarthy, r
24 T M Pomeroy, r
25 Wm H Kelsey, r
26 Wm S Lincoln, r
27 Hamilton Ward, r
28 Lewis Selye, r
29 Burt Van Horn, r
30 J M Humphrey, c
31 H Van Aernam, r

DELAWARE.
John Nicholson, c

ILLINOIS.
1 N B Judd, r
2 J F Farnsworth, r
3 E B Washburne, r
4 A C Harding, c
5 J C Ingersoll, r
6 Burton C Cook, r
7 John F Farnsworth, r
8 Wm Brodhead, r
9 Shelby McCullom, r
10 Lyman Trumbull, r
11 Sam'l Marshall, r
12 John Baker, r
13 G B Burton, r
At large, J A Logan, r

INDIANA.
1 Wm E Niblack, c
2 Michael C. Kerr, c
3 M C Hunter, r
4 Wm S Holman, c
5 Geo W Julian, r
6 John Coburn, r
7 H D Washburne, r
8 Godlove S Orth, r
9 Schuyler Colfax, r
10 Wm Williams, r
11 Jno P. C. Shanks, r

IOWA.
1 James F Wilson, r
2 Hiram Price, r
3 Wm B Allison, r
4 W M Longbridge, r
5 G M Dodge, r
6 Asahel W Hubbard, r

KANSAS.
Sidney Clark, r

MAINE.
1 John Lynch, r
2 Sidney Perham, r
3 James G Blaine, r
4 John A Peters, r
5 Fred'k A Pike, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
1 Thos D Eliot, r
2 Oakes Ames, r
3 Ginery Twitchell, r
4 Sam'l Hooper, r
5 Benj. F. Butler, r
6 Nat P Banks, r
7 Geo S Boutwell, r
8 John B Baldwin, r
9 W B Washburne, r
10 Henry L Dawes, r

MARYLAND.
1 Hiram McCullough, c
2 S Arthur, c
3 C E Phelps, c
4 Francis Thomas, c
5 Frederick Stone, c

Connecticut, California, Kentucky, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Tennessee, choosing twenty-nine members, are yet to elect.

U. S. Judiciary.

The Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States are as follows:

Mr. Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio
Mr. Justice Wayne, Georgia
Mr. Justice Nelson, New York
Mr. Justice Grier, Pennsylvania
Mr. Justice Sawyer, Ohio
Mr. Justice Miller, Iowa
Mr. Justice Davis, Illinois
Mr. Justice Field, California
Mr. Justice Stanbury, Ohio
Reporter, John W Wallace, Ohio
Marshal, D S Gooding
Clerk, D W Middleton

The Judge of the District Court of North Carolina is G W Brooks, District Attorney, D H Starbuck. Marshal, Daniel R Goodloe.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

NEW BANKING HOUSE

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & PETERS.

BANKERS & BROKERS,

Trade St., opposite Mansion House,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.,

GREENSBORO', N. C.

GOLD, SILVER, BULLION, SOUTHERN Bank Notes, sight and time exchange, stocks, bonds and coupons, bought and sold.

Deposits received, subject to sight checks, and six per cent. interest allowed.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Particular attention given to the purchase and sale of Gold, Silver and Southern bank notes, on commission.

Business paper discounted on reasonable terms and money loaned on collaterals.

By permission we refer to Ex-Gov. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte, N. C.; Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., Greensboro, N. C.

mar 8-1y-cod-3m

4-4 FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA Mattings.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Feb 25-170-tf

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

Members of the Legislature of North Carolina—Session 1866--'67.

SENATE.

1st district—Pasquotank and Perquimans—Dr. Rufus K Speed
2nd district—Camden and Currituck—Wilson D Fercbee
3rd district—Gates and Chowan—H Willey
4th district—Tyrrell and Hyde—Jonas Spencer
5th district—Northampton—H C Edwards
6th district—Hertford—James Barnes
7th district—Bertie—David Outlaw
8th district—Martin and Washington—J E Moore
9th district—Halifax—Mason L Wiggins
10th district—Edgecombe and Wilson—Henry T Clark
11th district—Pitt—C Perkins
12th district—Beaufort—Isaiah Respass
13th district—Craven—Mathias E Manly
14th district—Carteret and Jones—Calvin D Koonce
15th district—Greene and Lenoir—J H Coward
16th district—New Hanover—Ed D Hall
17th district—Duplin—Isaac B Kelly
18th district—Onslow—Jasper Etheridge
19th district—Bladen, Brunswick and Columbus—Salter Lloyd
20th district—Cumberland and Harnett—Archibald McLean
21st district—Sampson—John C Williams
22d district—Wayne—W A Thompson
23d district—Johnston—Thomas D Snead
24th district—Wake—Willie D Jones
25th district—Nash—L N B Battle
26th district—Franklin—Washington Harriss
27th district—Warren—F A Thornton
28th district—Granville—John Bullock
29th district—[illegible]—John W Cunningham
30th district—Orange—John Berry
31st district—Alamance and Randolph—M S Robbins.
32d district—Chatham—R B Paschall
33d district—Moore and Montgomery—W B Richardson
34th district—Richmond and Robeson—M McRae
35th district—Anson and Union—D A Covington
36th district—Guilford—Peter Adams
37th district—Caswell—Livingston A—
38th district—Rockingham—[illegible] Hand
39th district—Mecklenburg—J H Wilson
40th district—Stanley and Cabarrus—Mr Marshall
41st district—Rowan and Davie—Robert F Johnston
42d district—Davidson—J M Leach
43d district—Stokes and Forsyth—J E Matthews
44th district—Ashe, Surry, &c.—A C Cowles
45th district—Iredell, Wilkes and Alexander—J H Hill
46th district—Burke, &c.,—A C Avery
47th district—Lincoln, Gaston and Catawba—M L McCorkle
48th district—Rutherford, Polk and Cleaveland—C L Harriss
49th district—Buncombe, Henderson, &c.; L S Gash
50th district—Haywood, Macon, &c., J R Love, Jr.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Anson—A J Dockery, W P Kendall
Ashe and Alleghany—Robert Gambrill
Alexander—Dr J H Carson
Alamance—R Y McAden, A H Boyd
Beaufort—Henry Harding, C W Gorham
Bertie—Dr P E Henry, J W Beasley
Bladen—R Richardson
Brunswick—D C Allen
Buncombe—[illegible]
Burke—John Sudderth
Cabarrus—A M Harper
Camden—W G Morrisett
Carteret—J M Perry
Caswell—Philip Hedmett, wm Long
Catawba—W F Reinhardt
Chatham—G Moore, G May, and Thos W Woodlief
Chowan—R D Simpson
Cleaveland—Geo W Whitfield and P Durham
Columbus—Dr J M McGeogan
Craven—S W Chadwick and C Latham
Cumberland—W McIL McKay and T S Lutterloh
Currituck—W G Cranberry
Cherokee—Mr Davidson
Dupin—T S Kenan and Zach. Smith
Davidson—C F Lowe, Dr J H Shelton
Davie—J H Clements
Edgecombe and Wilson—Dr J H Baker and J H Woodard
Franklin—Capt Joseph J Davis
Forsyth—P A Wilson and E B Teague
Gates—Dr W H Ite
Granville—E B Lyon, W H Jenkins, H Freeman.
Greene—F H Rountree
Guilford—W R Smith, J T Morehead, Jr., J S Houston
Gaston—D A Jenkins,
Halifax—D C Clark and W A Daniel
Harnett—Dr B C Williams
Haywood—Green Garrett
Hertford—Dr G C Moore
Hyde—Tilman Farrow
Henderson and Transylvania—Jas Blythe
Iredell—J A Roseboro and J H Stevenson
Johnston—Perry Godwin and B R Hinnant
Jones—Jacob S Scott.
Jackson—Thaddeus D Bryson
Lenoir—R F Bright
Lincoln—Dr M L Reinon
Martin—Abner S Williams
McDowell—James Neal
Mecklenburg—R D Whitley and J M Hutchison.
Montgomery—Allen Jordan
Moore—Wm M Black
Macon—W G Crawford
Madison—N Kelsey
Nash—Jonathan M Stone
New Hanover—R H Cowan and C W McClammy
Northampton—R B Peebles and E A Martin
Orange—W W Guess, S D Umstead
Pasquotank—J B Jones
Perquimans—Thomas Wilson
Person—W A Bradsher
Pitt—W R Williams, John Galloway
Randolph—E T Blair and Joel Ashworth
Richmond—Peter McRae
Robeson—O G Pound and W H Crawford
Rockingham—J Hodderby and R B Henderson
Rutherford and Polk—G W Logan, N Scoggin
Sampson—John Bardin, & W Autry
Stokes—Silas Weatherspoon
Surry—Harrison M Waugh
Stanly—L C Morton
Tyrrell—W W Walker.
Union—Jonathan Trull
Wake—C J Rogers, J P H Rass, Robt S Perry.
Warren—John B Turnbull, B M Collins
Washington—Charles Latham
Watauga—William Horton
Wayne—J H Everett and G C Garris
Wilkes—P Horton and Dr Tyra York
Yadkin—T M Vestal
Yancey and Mitchell—Mr Williams

INSURANCE.

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY!

THE $22,000 INSURED BY MY COMPANIES, viz. *Phœnix*, of Hartford; *Atlantic*, of Brooklyn; *Security*, of New York; the *Ins. Co. of the State of Pennsylvania*; *Jefferson*, *Scottsville Ins. Co.*, on the *Exchange Hotel* and *Methodist Publishing House*, will be paid promptly, as soon as the loss is adjusted.

The above Companies have been very fortunate, and while a number of Ins. Companies have "gone to the wall," owing to the frequent large fires, these have never been in a more successful and prosperous condition, or better prepared to pay losses promptly.

Application for Insurance on Churches, School Houses, Dwellings, Furniture, Store Houses and Stocks of Merchandise, solicited.

P. F. PESCUD,
Ins. Agent.

mar 11-180-1w

FOR SALE.

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd. The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

mar 2-175-tf

DRY GOODS.

"Just a Step or two Ahead."

FIRST SUPPLY OF NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS.

SPRING CALICOS.

French & American Lwns,

PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED MOZAMBIQUES.

English Barege, Organdies, &c., &c.

Good Stock Bleached Muslin,
7-8 and 4-4 unbleached "

ALAMANCE PLAIDS &c., &c.,

Just received at

GEO. T. COOKE'S,
Cheap Store.

Feb 26-171-tf

SELLING OFF AT COST

"TO CLOSE THE CONCERN,"

Great sale of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Notions &c., &c., now going on

AT

SAM'L YOUNGS,

OLD STAND No. 21 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

For the purpose of closing up our business in this City we offer our entire Stock

"AT COST"

CONSISTING OF

DRESS GOODS,
CALICOS,
DOMESTICS,
TABLE LINEN,
LADIES CLOAKS,
RIBBONS, LACES,
GLOVES, HOSIERY,
TRIMMINGS,
LADIES HATS & BONNETS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES FOR LADIES & CHILDREN,
ALSO FOR MEN AND BOYS.
HATS FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Also, a fine lot of Jeans and Satinets for Men's wear.

This Stock recently purchased for Cash, is worthy the attention of all buyers and will be sold as above stated

AT

EDWARD WEST.

No. 21 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Dec 20-tf RALEIGH, N. C.

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!

AT COST

AND LOW[illegible]

IF YOU WANT TO GET CHEAP GOODS LOOK at our prices, before purchasing elsewhere:

4-Bingen sewing	12c	cents	per yard.
4-4 "	16	"	"
4-4 " heavy	20	"	"
5-4 " Sheeting	25	"	"
4 Arctic Bleaching,	15	"	"
4 Willow Bridge do.	20	"	"
4-4 Pembroke	25	"	"
4-4 Lewiston	25	"	"
4-4 Hanover extra	22½	"	"
Lonsdale, Wamsutta and New Y[illegible]			

ent market prices.

PRINTS!!

at from 12½ to 20 cents per yard.

FLANNELS!!!

4 white all wool Flannel 45 cents per yard.
4 " " " 50 " "
4-4 " " " 75 " "
4-4 " " " Extra fine Flannel 90 " "
4-4 " all wool and heavy shaker Flannel correspondingly low.

Fall and winter Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Ladies, Misses and Childrens shoes, and a general assortment of Gents Ready Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps etc., etc.

AT YOUR OWN PRICES AT

J. ROSENBAUM'S,

No. 16, Fayetteville, St.

Feb 9-157-tf

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

MILTON C. RICHARDSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Clinton, N. C.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO THE COLlection of claims and other business entrusted to his care.

Feb 4-2mis.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville N. C.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ALL BUSIness intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

Jan 24-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

A valuable house and lot in this city, for rent or sale.

Apply to R. C. BADGER.

Feb. 14—161-tf

LIME

FARMERS and builders in need of Lime, can be supplied by the undersigned with an excellent article at very low rates

Cost per ton at Salisbury securely boxed $12,00
Freight from Salisbury to Greensboro, $2,00.
Do. " Hillsboro, 2,30
Do. " Raleigh, 2,70.

Apply to

JOWELL, WILSON & CO.

Catawba Station,

W. N. C. R. R.

Dec 5-tf

NOTICE!

TO ALL THOM IT MAY CONCERN!

There will be a vessel to sail from the port of Wilmington, on or about the third of April, to Sindad Bolivia, Venezuela, for the purpose of taking out any emigrants that may go to look or locate. Passage $68 in coin or its equivalent.

I have land titles to give to all Confederate soldiers, (1280 acres,) who will go, and passage for the above $68. I have reserved stock to sell to any other person for $168, including passage out.

I will say, to the information of parties, that there have left for Venezuela, since November last, the rise of 2,100 emigrants.

Dr. H. M. Price, and some of the Directors, are now on their way out to hold elections and frame the government.

There have been 40,000 shares of stock in this Company sold to a Banking-house in England, which will soon enable the Company to carry into effect their design of putting on a line of Steamers from the Southern States to Bolivia. This town has about 7,000 inhabitants, one half of whom are English. Mules and oxen can be purchased very low.

For further information, write me at Raleigh.

SAML. ROWLAND.

P. S. Dr H. M. Price, the grantee and a resident of Vigina for years, is my authority for the above.

mar 11-10-3tawtA1

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FOR SALE.

Toilet Soaps, Demulcent and Polishing Soap for Polishing Silver, Britannia and Tin Ware.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 11-158-tf Wholesale Grocers.

ORDERS SOLICITED FOR PERUVIAN GUano to be delivered at the different depots on the Raleigh & Gaston and N. C. Railroads.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb. 14—161-tf Wholesale Grocers.

WANTED.

$10,000 in Cape Fear Bank notes and $2,500 in Bank of North Carolina notes.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 4-152-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FOR SALE.

A large lot of fine Baled Hay.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 1-150-tf Wholesale Grocers.

WANTED.

100 BOXES MANUFACTURED TOBACCO. Put up before the Federal Tax Law went into operation. It must be sound. Cash will be paid.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb. 14—161-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!

150 bbls., Different Brands—all grades.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 22-168-tf Wholesale Grocers.

A LARGE LOT ADAMANTINE CANDLES Very Cheap.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 8-156-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SEED OATS, IRISH POTATOES.

1000 bush, Selected Seed Oats very Choice,
100 bbls., Peach Blow and Mercer Potatoes, to arrive.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Feb 22-168-tf Wholesale Grocers.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESES, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

[illegible] usually found in a first class Grocery Store.

Feb 22-168-tf

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 " Hames,
50 " Plow Lines, 50 " Trace Chains,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

Feb 22-168-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

AND FOR SALE BY W. ROBT ANDREWS, No. 26, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

150 Sacks Full weight Liverpool Salt.
50 bbls. Superfine Flour.
25 bbls. Molasses.
50 Kits No. 1, Mackerel.
30 Cases fresh Tomatoes and Peaches.
50 Boxes Adamantine Candles.
50 Boxes White Mercer Potatoes and 50 P. Potatoes.
B. Bacon, of all grades, in quantities to suit purchasers.
10 Bbls. Onions and 10 of Apples, choice.
1,000 Yds. Gunny Bagging.
25 Coils Rope.
500 lbs. Sole Leather,
10 Doz. Best French Calf Skins.
5 " Kip Skins.
30 Boxes Candy, assorted.
20 Sacks Java, Rio and Laguyra Coffees.
100 Reams Wrapping paper.
20 Bushels Shoe pegs, assorted, cheap.
50 half and quarter bbls. flour, different grades.
75 bbls. Sugar, of all grades, in quantities and at prices to suit.
25 bbls. Elkridge and Patapsco family flour, best made.
100 Bags Shot, all sizes.
6 Doz. Pre. Cotton Cards.
20 Boxes Pearl Starch, cheap.
Good assortment Crockery at Cost.
Spiced Pigs feet, Fulton market family beef, by the wholesale and retail. Also, a lot of English Dairy Cheese and a large assortment of fresh Garden Seeds.
A fine article of Bacon always on hand—Also, Clagetts' Baltimore Ale, by the Package.
Liquors of all grades. Attention is specially called to our pure old Robeson County Whiskey.
All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally very cheap for cash.
Fresh Oysters received daily from Norfolk.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

Feb 13-tf

WHISKEY.

10 Bbls. Yadkin County Whiskey.
5 " Old Rye "
2 " Old Monongahela " " Whiskey.
2 " " Scuppernong Wine.
20 Five gallon kegs pure French Brandies and Gins,

In Store,

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 26-171-tf

ARRIVING THIS DAY,

800 Sacks No. 1, Peruvian Guano.
500 " Patapsco "
50 " Baugh's Superphosphate Lime.
70 Bbls. Rockland Lime, in prime order.
50 Bales prime Hay.
200 Sacks Liverpool fine Salt

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

mar 1-174-tf

Standard and Progress copy.

GUANO, GUANO, GUANO.

50 Tons No. 1 Peruvian Guano, direct from the Peruvian Agent.
50 Tons Patapsco Guano.
20 " Baugh's Raw Bone Super-Phosphate of Lime.
10 Tons Ford's Fertilizer.

The above are all Standard manures and will be sold on as good terms as the times will admit of. These Fertilizers are now all lying at Portsmouth Va., awaiting transportation. We will take orders, and hope to be able to commence delivering it in the next ten days.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 25-170-tf Commission Merchants.

Standard and Progress copy.

MOLASSES, MOLASSES, MOLASSES.

25 HHDS. NEW CROP CUBA MOLASSES ARriving this day, which will be sold at Wilmington prices, freight &c., added.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 26-170-tf

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS, DESIRING Goods, can purchase them from us, or have their orders filled in New York on Commission.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 13-182-tf

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & CO.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
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Feb 15-162-3m

THE

REMINGTONS'

FIRE ARMS.

Sold by the Trade Generally.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.

200,000 furnished the U. S. Government.

Army Revolver,	44-100 in. Calibre,
Navy Revolver,	36-100 in. Calibre,
Belt Revolver,	Navy Size Calibre,
Police Revolver,	Navy Size Calibre,
New Pocket Revolver,	31-100 in Calibre,
Pocket Revolver, (Rider's pt.)	31-100 in Calibre,
Repeating Pistol, (Elliot pt.)	No. 22 & 32 Cartridge,
Vest Pocket Pistol,	No. 22, 30, 32 and 41 Cartridge,
Gun Cane,	No. 22 and 32 Cartridge,
Breech Loading Rifle, (Beals')	No. 32, & 38, "
Revolving Rifle,	36 and 44-100 in Calibre,

E. REMINGTON & SONS, Ilion, New York.

PRINCIPAL AGENTS.

Moore & Nichols,	Boston
Wm. Read & Son,	Philadelphia
Jos. C. Grebe, & Co.	Baltimore
Poulitney & Trimble	New Orleans
Henry Folsom & Co.	Chicago
Johnson, Spencer & Co.	St. Louis
L. M. Rumsey & Co.	San Francisco
Albert E. Crane,	

Feb 16-163-2m

LIGHT HOUSE NON-EXPLOSIVE

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THE CELEbrated Oil, and in so doing we do it confidently pronounce it SUPERIOR TO ANY OIL in Use. It is Non-Explosive. Free from Smoke. It will not grease the hands. It will not grease the clothing. It is more brilliant than Gas. It produces a soft and beautiful light. It is not so trying to the eyes. It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by adopting our

LIGHT HOUSE OR RATCHET BURNERS.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the

BEST AND MOST RELIABLE OIL

now in the market; and in consequence of the many serious accidents arising from the EXPLOSION OF KEROSENE, this Oil is extensively known and used in preference.

We are now prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable Oil, and we solicit from the public an examination and trial.

We have on hand a large stock of

LAMPS, BURNERS, CHIMNEYS, WICKS, &c.,

and can supply the trade on liberal terms.

First Premium Awarded at the Louisiana State Fair held in New Orleans, from Nov. 20 to 27th, 1866, against all Competitors.

H. D. NORRELL, Gen'l Agent,
120 Maiden Lane, New York.

Feb 15-162-3m

JOHN S. DANCY, of Tarboro, N. C.
JOHN H. HYMAN, of Scotland Neck, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N. C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 21, Exchange Place, NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants.

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without notice. Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY. WM. R. UTLEY.

Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

MULES STOLEN, $100 REWARD.

STOLEN FROM MY STABLES IN JOHNSTON County on Monday night the 28th. inst., four MULES, 1 horse mule, mouse colored, 3 mare mules color, black, sorrel and mouse color. The two latter bought from the Government and branded. I will pay the above reward for their recovery. Address,

J. W. E. WATSON,
Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 1-150-tf

200 PR. MILES GOAT BOOTS, KID AND Congress Gaiters for Ladies.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Feb 25-170-tf

IRON AND TIN WARE.

1867. SPRING TRADE, 1867

NO. 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

SPADES, SHOVELS, TABLE FORKS, POTATOE Digs, Garden Hoes, and Rakes, Trace Chains, Plow Hames, Planter's Steel Hoes.

—ALSO—

Window Glass 8 x 10 and 10 x 12. Bladder Putty, Spirits Turpentine.

J. BROWN,
Feb 22-168-tf With HART & LEWIS.

IN SEASON.

20 Cases Meat or Sausage Cutters, Various Sizes.

J. BROWN,
Dec 12-tf With HART & LEWIS.

1867. SPRING TRADE. 1867.

2 TONS Swedes and Refined Iron, comprising 5 to 9 Inch Flow Iron, Tin, and Bar Iron, Nail Rods, Round Iron.

ALSO,

Saml. W. Collins' Axes.

J. BROWN,
Feb 26-170-tf With HART & LEWIS.

1867.

OPENING OF SPRING TRADE.

16 WESTERN EMPIRE COOKING STOVES arriving with complete Sets of Utensils, which added to our former Stock, makes our assortment to consist of 30 to 40 Cook Stoves, various Patterns.

J. BROWN,
Feb 19-164-tf With HART & LEWIS.

QUEEN OF THE SOUTH,

COOKING STOVES.

SUPERIOR advantages for Cooking for large Families. Furnished complete.

J. BROWN,
Dec 15-tf For HART & LEWIS.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRING IMPORTATION

1867.

RIBBONS

Millinery and Straw Goods.

APPLETON, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

RIBBONS, BONNET SILKS & SATINS,

Blonds, Netts, Crapes, Velvets, Ruches Flowers, Feathers,

STRAW BONNETS AND LADIES' HATS

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,

SHAKER HOODS, &c.

237 and 239 Baltimore [illegible] in this Country.

BALTIMORE [illegible] variety and cheapness.

Offer the [illegible] and prompt attention given.

try and [illegible]
Feb 26-170-2m

W. H. CHEEK,

LATE OF WARREN [illegible], N. C. WITH

GRIFFIN, BRO., & CO.

GROCERS AND

Commission Merchants,

105 LOMBARD STREET,

Baltimore.

Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of all kinds of Groceries.

Particular attention paid to the sale of Cotton, and all other kinds of Country produce.

Peruvian Guano direct from the Government agent, and all other kinds of Fertilizers, at the lowest cash prices furnished for cash or on cotton.

Feb 19-164-3m

RAILROADS.

1867 RALEIGH AND [illegible]

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The SENTINEL is published every evening, (except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	2.50
Six months,	5.00
One year,	10.00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year,	5.00
" " six months,	2.50
Weekly Sentinel, one year,	3.00
" " six months,	1.50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, } EDITORS.

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 19, 1867.

VOTING POPULATION OF NORTH CAROLINA.

It is difficult to determine, accurately, the voting population of North Carolina, until the next census, or until an election occurs to draw out the full vote. Yet we can make an approximation, sufficiently close, for our purpose.

By the will of Congress, this, with nine other Southern States, are to be reconstructed by the votes of the people of these States. The tone of the majority of Congress obliges us to accept the late reconstruction acts as a finality. The Southern States must hold that body to this issue, by as graceful an acceptance of the terms therein laid down, as we can make, and by a prompt compliance with the law.

The turmoil and acrimony, the crimination and recrimination, which have disturbed the quiet of the country, since the war, must cease, in order to reconstruction and harmony—in order to the restoration of *civil liberty* and constitutional Union. This can only be done by as speedy a restoration of the rights of the Southern States as possible, and their admission into Congress. The longer this is delayed, the longer, and the more fatally, civil liberty and a constitutional government are jeopardied,—perhaps forever, for the whole country. That this state of things is chargeable wholly upon the South, we do not believe, yet we must no longer stop who[illegible] the case, or to parley with those *The great[illegible] of law and order, and civil liberty; and co[illegible]tional government*, must be secured to us, [illegible] sacrifice. Hence, there will be no justification or palliation for contumacy, or obstinacy, or [illegible] indifference, on your part. We must [illegible] *street* at the bidding of those who claim the authority and have the power to reconstruct us.

But who are allowed to do this work?—We take it for granted that Gen. Sickles, who is also a lawyer, will enforce the Reconstruction Acts, according to their strict interpretation,—that he will carry out as expressed in [illegible] according to its intent: who are *disfranchised*, hence, all persons inhibited from voting or holding [illegible] be the disabilities are removed by Congress, and every man in the State, without regard to color, who is twenty-one years of age, and has resided in the county, and who has not been disfranchised by the bill, will not only be allowed to vote, but is *desired* and *expected* to vote by us.

All these matters, both in regard to voting and holding office, as well as everything pertaining to the whole programme, will doubtless be made plain by the Commanding General.

It is, therefore, *at* the first importance, that *every* man, white and black, in the State, entitled to vote, under the Reconstruction Act, should be *careful to have his name registered as a voter*, as soon as [illegible] after the Commanding General [illegible] to take order, and the registers appointed to take the list of voters, [illegible] which no ordinary difficulty will prevent. The future franchise of every man may be endangered by the neglect. The next most important matter to be attended to, is the *selection of delegates to the State Convention*. No man should be selected, who is too ignorant for the position, or too dishonest, or too much of a partizan, to do justice and to be kind and considerate to all classes of our citizens, both white and colored. We would prefer honest, intelligent, good men, who will dare do *right*, even when differences of political opinion may have heretofore existed between us, to ignorant, dishonest, demagogical, violent men who agree with us. We want men in the Convention who will carry out the orders of Congress, who will throw no impediment in the way of reconstruction under the Congressional Act. We want men who will steadily look to the peace of the whole country and to the future quiet, harmony and prosperity of the State. We will oppose no man, who, in a judgment of charity, we can rely upon to effect these objects. Bitter, violent men, who are swayed by passion, who have "friends to reward and enemies to punish," who are influenced by merely partizan views or feelings, we hope will be discarded and opposed by every honest man in the State. All agitators, plotters, schemers—men guided by selfish and reckless and personal ambition, let both white and colored voters set aside. Let men who love the State, and love the Constitution of the United States, and love the Union of our fathers, and feel a pride in the glory and prosperity of the whole nation, be the choice of all our people.

Prior to the war, it was generally reckoned that the voting population of North Carolina was from 115,000 to 120,000. We believe the largest vote ever cast in the State, prior to the war, was about 112,000. Perhaps the largest was during the Bragg and Dockery campaign. We are not sure we are correct, but, perhaps, our memory approximates the truth. We judge a full vote of the whites now would very nearly approximate 100,000. Of these we judge 10 to 12,000 of the whites are disfranchised by the bill. We think it safe, therefore, to calculate, that there are now 80,000 bona fide white voters under the bill. Before the war, there could not have been made more than 40,000 colored voters in the State. By casualties and changes this number has been reduced to about 35,000. The entire vote, therefore, now, under the Reconstruction Act, cannot be less than 115,000, after leaving out the disfranchised. How many Hobbsites in the State there are, at present, cannot be estimated. If the Red-Strings, Loyal Leaguers, and all the more violent and bitter agitators in the State are reckoned, they would possibly number, including white and colored, about 20,000.—We by no means include, among these *all* the Union men proper. Far from it. One of the most uniform, consistent Union men in the State remarked to us, some time ago, "I was an original Union man, and have been nothing else all the time,—am nothing else now, but," said he, "I am no advocate for a Brownlow government in North Carolina." This has been the constant feeling that we have seen manifested by all the most steady, consistent Union men in the State. This is the class of Union men with whom we can act without hesitancy. Those who have, heretofore, voted for Mr. Holden and Gen. Dockery, who have this feeling, who are anxious to restore peace, and quiet, and harmony to the government, and look to the prosperity of our people, and the country and the government, there can be no difficulty in harmonizing with. If our people are ready to sanction such a reconstruction as the Congress proposes as a finality, and to conform the State government to the programme plainly set forth in the Congressional Acts, there need be no conflict, no division or difficulty in that matter. But with those who seem to have lost sight of all humanity and kindness towards those who have differed with them, and only counsel bitterness and ruin to them, we presume no liberal, conservative man could affiliate with for a moment.

PROGRESS OF THE REVOLUTION.

It will be seen, by reference to our telegraphic summary of yesterday's proceedings in Congress, that the status of Maryland was up for consideration. In the House the Judiciary Committee were instructed to enquire whether the constitution of that State is republican in its provisions, and in the Senate the credentials of the new Senator, Mr. Thomas, were under discussion and criticism up to the hour of adjournment.

Congress, having virtually perfected its legislation looking to the reconstruction of the insurgent States, and having broadly defined what is loyalty and what is a republican form of government, will now, of course, turn it attention to the other States, and, in order to ascertain if they can abide, in order to ascertain if they can abide, to shibboleth. Its idea of disloyal-"loyalists" in [illegible] South, is, "having, at any time, taken an oath [illegible] support the Constitution of the United States, and subsequently engaged in the rebellion. This includes at least one half of the Dorrits leaders in this State, who can ill disguise their indignation that Congress should thus place such [illegible] same category with [illegible] in the [illegible] True, some of [illegible] "conscious traitors." [illegible] expression, many [illegible] resigned the ordinance of [illegible] and fought the [illegible] were in the army [illegible] form, [illegible] [illegible], and very nearly [illegible] in the latter days [illegible] "conspiracy in some [illegible] [illegible] conspiracy?

Of course, [illegible] [illegible] formal ban. But what is [illegible] Congressional idea of a Republican [illegible] Government? Why, plainly, [illegible] guarantees colored suffrage.—Congress, in the fulfilment of the high destiny which it has assumed of securing such governments to all the States of the Union, must, if it is true to itself, call the whole roll and see which fail of the essential element. It has commenced with Maryland. We should not be surprised if her representatives were yet driven from the Halls of Congress and the State converted into "District No. 6." The great work must go on. Ohio, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Connecticut, and others, must be looked after, and purged of their anti-Republican heresies." It would be a curious sight to see Mr. Stevens, Mr. Schenck, and Mr. Chandler "restricted. Stranger things have happened, however. And the progress of this revolution has witnessed much more wonderful "ups and downs."

APPRENTICES.—In order to facilitate the business of the Courts now holding their Spring terms, we publish, to-day, the important recent decision of the Supreme Court, delivered by Judge Reade, on Apprenticeships. We will also publish the law passed at the recent session of the Legislature, on Apprentices, in a few days.

"If the *Sentinel* would only remain silent on Federal politics until the State is restored to the Union."—*Standard.*

What superlative *impudence*, to come from a disfranchised individual, who is neither entitled to vote or hold office under the Reconstruction Act!

Congress will adjourn or take a recess immediately after the supplementary reconstruction bill shall become a law. Of this there is no doubt, even if the President shall veto it, which seems certain. The general opinion is that a recess will be taken until October, in order to afford time to see whether the President has executed the reconstruction act—a subject of which the House Committee on the Judiciary will take cognizance, in connection with that of impeachment.—*Tribune.*

WATERFALLS NO LONGER WORN IN NEW YORK.—It is not a mere "newspaper story," that the outcry about the crawling chignons is spoiling that particular branch of business here. The Broadway shops that dealt in them have not had a customer for days, and in more than one case orders have been issued to stop the manufacture of them.—*Letter in Ledger.*

In the list of radical "gentlemen" named by C. L. Harris, to meet in Raleigh on the 27th, inst., to mature a plan to call a State Convention," every county is named but this. Good for old Anson!—*Wadesboro Argus.*

The bill introduced in the House by Mr. Julian provides for electing for Congressmen in all the States on the first Monday in November of every other year, commencing with the year 1868. It was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A grand ball, at which none but married people are to be admitted, is to take place at the Exchange Hotel in Richmond shortly.

APPRENTICES.

IMPORTANT DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

AMBROSE VS. RUSSELL.

The petitioners are persons of color, who, together with their parents, had been slaves, and were emancipated by the ordinance of the Convention. They were taken in custody by the defendant Russell, who claimed to hold them as apprentices, under an order of the County Court of Robeson, purporting to bind the petitioners to him. The petitioners obtained a writ of *habeas corpus*, returnable before Judge Gilliam, who, upon the hearing, remanded them to the custody of the defendant.

Two questions are involved in the case:

I. Had the Judge, upon the hearing, the right to look behind the order of the County Court, binding out the petitioners?

His Honor was of the opinion, that he was precluded by the order, and had no right to look to the merits of the case.

In this we think there is error. The defendant who claims the right to restrain the liberty of the petitioners, must show his authority. And when he shows the order of the County Court, the petitioners have the right to reply, that the order is void. And this they may do, either by showing that they were not such persons as the Court had the power to bind out at all, or that they had no notice of the proceedings against them, and, therefore, no opportunity of being heard. If judgment is rendered by a Court having no jurisdiction, or against a person who has no notice to defend his rights, it is no judgment at all. *Stallings vs. Gully*, 3 Jon. 344. And in *Price vs. Hight*, 6 Jon. 265, this Court did look behind the order of the County Court, to see whether it had the power to make the order, i. e. had jurisdiction over the petitioner.

II. Does the fact that the petitioners had no notice of the proceedings against them, and were not present when the order of the County Court was made, make the order of binding void?

We think it does. The constitution and laws of the country guarantee the principle, that no freeman shall be divested of a right by the judgment of a Court, unless he shall have been made party to the proceedings in which it shall have been obtained.

Armstrong vs. Harshaw, 1 Dev. 187. In all proceedings of a judicial nature, it is necessary that the person whose rights are to be affected should, in some way, be a party to the proceedings. It is not sufficient that the Court should have jurisdiction of the subject matter; it must also have jurisdiction of the person. It is a clear dictate of justice, that no man shall be deprived of his rights of person or property, without the privilege of being heard. *Stallings vs. Gully, supra.* And, it is well settled, that judgment without service of process is void.

The case of *Owens vs. Chaplain*, 3 Jon. 323, is relied on as showing, that neither notice to the person to be bound, nor his presence in Court, is necessary. It is true that in the opinion delivered in that case, it is said that, "there is nothing in the statute requiring the presence of the orphan when the binding takes place, though it is usual." But the case did not require that point to be decided. That case was this: An orphan had been bound out by the Court, and a third person applied to the Court to vacate the order binding out the orphan, and to bind him to [illegible] The Court refused to interfere at the instance of a third person, who had no interest in the matter. So that we cannot give to that case the force of a decision upon this question. The case before us is at the instance of a person whose liberty has been affected by the order, and he has the right to raise the question whether the *statute requires it or not, the petitioner* to have notice of the proceedings. And although the statute does not in terms require it, (which is probably all that was meant by the learned Judge in the case of *Owens vs. Chaplain,*) yet it is fairly to be inferred. The statute, sec. 5, requires the master to give bond *to produce the apprentice before the Court* whenever required. And in sec. 7 it is provided, that when a Magistrate shall permit a house-keeper to employ an orphan, he shall take his "recognizance *to bring the said or phan to the next County Court*" to be bound out. So that, it seems clearly to be contemplated by the statute itself, that whenever it is necessary for the Court to take any action in regard to orphans, the orphan shall be before the Court.

The proceedings of our County Courts have been in a summary way in binding out apprentices. And, although it has been usual to have the person to be bound present, yet we know from observation, that it has not been invariably the case, yet our Courts have usually acted with consideration, and have guarded the rights of the apprentices, and given satisfaction to society. And there have been as few complaints of the abuse of power in this, as in any other exercise of duty by our Courts.—It could not well have been otherwise. We have had, hitherto, but few orphans to bind out. Of course we did not bind out slaves, and there were but few free negroes, and indigent white children usually found friends among their relations to take care of them. And in the few instances where binding was necessary, care was taken by the friends of the children, and by the Court itself, that the best that was possible should be done for the child. And, besides, apprentices were never looked [illegible] and were seldom taken [illegible] those who felt some interest in their personal welfare, —so that there were no inducements to frauds upon the Courts.

But now a very different state of things exists. The war has impoverished the country, and made wrecks of the estates of orphans, and its casualties have greatly increased their numbers, and one third of the whole population are indigent colored persons. So that the exceptional case, which we used to have, must be greatly multiplied, and the responsibilities and duties of the county courts must be increased in proportion. It is, therefore, of great importance that their duties, and the rights of both apprentices and masters, in the proceedings for binding, should be defined and understood. We have no hesitation in saying that in all cases of binding apprentices, whether white or colored, it is the right of the person to be bound to have notice, and it is the duty of the court to see that they have notice, and it is, to say the least, *prudent* in the court to *require* that the person should be present in court. There can be no case where notice can be dispensed with, and the actual presence of the person ought only to be dispensed with where he has intelligent friends present, who can see that his interests are properly guarded.

The case before us shows the propriety of what we have just said. Take the case as stated by Judge Gilliam: the petitioners are females, respectively thirteen and fifteen years of age, an age when they stand most in need of the oversight of their parents and friends. They are industrious, well behaved and amply provided for in food and clothing. They live with their mother and step-father, who are of good character and are well to do. What better off could they be or need they be? What interest had society in having their relations broken up, and themselves put under the care of strangers, with no affection for them—nor any other interest except gain from their services. Now if these persons or their friends had been present when the application was made for their binding, would any court in the State have bound them out? Of course not. It would have been a gross outrage if they had. A court ought not to, and will not, bind out an orphan unless it appear that his condition will be improved. It is a high duty of the court, and one which they perform with pleasure, to protect these helpless children, and not only prevent oppression and fraud, but to act as a friend, and guard and improve their condition. I remember that, when I was at the bar, the county court of Granville had ordered sundry orphans to be brought to court to be bound out. Among them were three or four who were neat and clean, and their mother was with them, and cried much, but said not a word. Upon enquiring, it was found that she was an honest industrious woman and widow, who had labored hard for her children, and just when they could begin to help her the rapacity of some bad man sought to take them away.

Some gentleman of the Bar suggested, that instead of being away her children there should be a contribution to enable her to keep them, and it was readily responded to by the Court and the Bar and the crowd, and a handsome sum was given to her and she kept her children. There is shown the propriety of having the persons actually present in Court, in order that the Court may see their condition, the condition of their parents or friends, who have charge of them, and to hear their own simple story, and if binding be necessary, to see their capacity and fitness for one employment and another and also to give publicity to the matter, so as to invite applicants, in order that the Court may select the best masters.

In the case before us it is manifest from the statement of the case sent us, that the humane and intelligent Judge who heard the cause, would never have remanded the petitioners to the custody of the defendant, if he had supposed that he had the right to look behind the order of binding—but so much perhaps for any fault in the defendant, as because there was no propriety in taking them from the society and services of their parents and friends, to bind them to any person.

There was an interesting discussion at the bar as to the [illegible] with which the petitioners were to be [illegible] out, supposing that they were liable to be bound out at all. Our statute, Rev. Code, chap. 5, sec. 1, passed before the war, provided that "it shall be the duty of the several Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to bind out, as apprentices, all orphans who[illegible] estates are of [illegible] value that no person will educate and maintain them for the profits thereof." And after enumerating other classes, the statute proceeds: "And to the children of free negroes, where the parents with whom such children may live do not habitually employ their time in some honest, industrious occupation, and all free base born children of color."

But it is not necessary, and therefore it would be improper for us to enter into the consideration of these questions, because, whether they belong to one [illegible] or another, they were entitled to [illegible] as they had no notice, could be bound out, and the binding was void, and therefore, they are entitled to void, [illegible] large and to go wheresoever they [illegible]

READE, J.

(Concurred.)

DAVIS AND THE SWELLS.—The New York *Herald* says the Radicals of Congress begin to fear that the President will use the power in his own hands of immediately reconstructing the Union on the basis of the constitutional amendment, under the Sherman military district bill, and thus bringing the Southern States back before the next Presidential election.

The same paper quotes Wilkes, of the *Spirit of the Times*, as authority for the statement that when the reconstruction bill had become a law the Radicals in Congress saw clearly that the President, who now stands without a party, may in less than six months have at his back the compact power of thirteen States and all the Democratic party of the North; that then, with its two-thirds of each House of Congress to come democratized, and will perhaps be broken up. The only remedy, Wilkes contends, is [illegible] that the military machinery of Southern reconstruction may be given into upright hands, is the removal of President Johnson. He must be removed, or with the weapon which has been furnished him in this reconstruction bill he may demolish the Republican party. We quote the following paragraph from Wilkes' letter:

"Many a member who had fought fiercely for the bill while it was on its passage, and who was prepared to resort to the extreme any course by the President which would prevent Congress from finally passing it into a law, required serious misgivings while the measure was pending at the White House. They saw in the sudden disposition of the South to accept—may, to snap up, as it were—a measure that was ten times more odious than the constitutional amendment which the Southern States had recently spurned with every indication of disdain—a change had suggested the suspicion that the majority had fallen into a trap—and this alarm agitated many of its members even in the last ordeal against the veto, with the half-formed hope that the bill might fail."

BUYING UP RADICAL ORGANS.—The Hon. Ed. McPherson, clerk of the House of Representatives, having been authorized by Congress to select papers of loyal proclivities in the seceded States to publish the Government advertisements, is now engaged in the work of carrying out the design of Congress. It is supposed this advertising will be worth to each about $5,000 per annum, and numerous applications are being made to Mr. McPherson for this fat slice of public patronage. The majority of them are from parties who propose, with the aid given, to establish journals with radical politics at different points in the Southern States. A few are from the proprietors of old established newspapers, who seem willing, for the sake of this subsidy, to give up their long cherished opinions.—*Sun.*

BE CAREFUL.—In consequence of the passage by the Legislature of an "Act restoring to married women their common law right of dower," during the husband's life time as well as after death, it may be necessary, and no doubt is the best policy, for the wife to sign all deeds of conveyance of real estate made by the husband. Persons who have bought property since the passage of the law, [27th of Febuar] or who are about to purchase, had better be careful in regard to this matter.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

In Philadelphia, on Monday, a young girl, sixteen years of age, named Kate Gamble, was seized in the street by a strange man, who threw the contents of a phial filled with caustic potassa into her face and then ran off. Since then the girl has lost the sight of her left eye, and in he cheeks great scams have been eaten. No clue to the author of the outrage has been obtained.

The St. Petersburg papers state that the Russian government has decided on obliterating the name of Poland. From April next the name of "Kingdom of Poland" will be replaced by that of "The Military District of Warsaw."

DIED,

On the 10th of February, 1867, in the town of Smithfield, WILLIAM, infant son of Loverd and J. E. Ebridge. God, in His inscrutable providence, has thus afflicted the hearts of devoted parents. Their only child has been taken. For eighteen months, his bright joyous spirit rendered happier their happy home, beguiling with his innocent prattle their hearts of care. That home is now darkened; its sun-light gone. The little ray sent by God to cheer and comfort for a season, has returned to its great Author. But murmur not, mourning friends! The little tongue, which but yesterday lisped "Father," "Mother," is now chanting with the Angels the choral songs of Heaven. Rather should you rejoice that ere temptation or sin had marked one spot upon his pure, sinless soul, God called him to Himself, and all His acts are merciful and kind. "Whom He loveth, He chasteneth." Little Willie has gone before and beckons you to follow him to that haven of eternal rest.

At Middletown, Connecticut, at the residence of her son-in-law, the Rev. John Townsend, on Sunday, the 10th inst., SARAH ELIZABETH DEVEREUX, widow of the the late George P. Devereux, of this State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1867. **Spring Trade.** 1867.

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
Shears and Scissors, Razors,
Mill and Hand Saw Files,
Hand and Tinon Saws;
Wood Ware, Bed Cords and Plow Lines.
J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, March 19-188 tf

NOTE BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

SOUTHERN HARMONY.
CHRISTIAN MINSTREL, AND
THE JUBILEE.
BRANSON & FARRAR.

Raleigh, N. C. March 19-188-tf

DUFF'S BOOK KEEPING.

Just received at the North Carolina Bookstore.
BRANSON & FARRAR.

mar 19-188-tf

BRONSON'S ELOCUTION.

At the N. C. Book-store.
BRANSON & FARRAR.

mar 19-188-tf

1867. SPRING STYLES. 1867.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON

JUST RECEIVED AND NOW OPENING a complete and beautiful assortment of

PRINTED MUSLINS 3/4 CONETS,
FRENCH AND LINEN LAWNS,
PERCALES, BRILLIANTS
GRENADINES AND TOPLINS,
EMBROIDERED SWISS,
FIGURED ORGANDIES &c., &c.

PRINTS! PRINTS!!

100 Pieces Latest Styles.

MOROCCO AND KID BOOTS,
CONGRESS GAITERS FOR LADIES AND MISSES—MILES' MAKE.

These goods have just been purchased and we will sell them very cheap for cash only. Come and see us.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

mar 19-188-tf

FARMERS!

TRY

WILLIAM H. OLIVER & Co.'s.

COTTON FERTILIZER,

PREPARED BY

WILLIAM H. OLIVER & CO.
Newbern, N. C.

After consulting the wishes of our agricultural friends, and calling the most practical, as well as scientific aid to our assistance, we have prepared a Fertilizer that we are fully persuaded will satisfy all who make use of it, of its immense profit and advantages in the growth of all kinds of plants, particularly in the growth, expansion and boiling of Cotton.

The composition is no secret, and is known to most of our friends. Fifty per cent. of Genuine Peruvian Guano (purchased direct from the agent of the Peruvian Government,) constitutes the ammoniacal. Twenty-five per cent. of finely ground Bones the Phosphatic—the balance is made up of such ingredients as have the power of fixing the ammonia.

No dirt, or water will be added to increase its weight. It is pure as represented, and all practical farmers know by experience the effect the above agents will produce.

An application of two hundred pounds to the acre, we feel confident, will double the product of land suited to the growth of Cotton.

We recommend the following as the best mode of applying the Fertilizer: Apply one hundred and twenty five pounds to the acre at the time the Cotton is planted by covering it in the drill, and apply one hundred and twenty-five pounds on the side of the Cotton after the Cotton has been barred out, at the time of thinning.

WILLIAM H. OLIVER & CO.

We would call attention to the following:

We have been shown by Messrs. WILLIAM H. OLIVER & Co., a preparation made by them, and known as WILLIAM H. OLIVER & Co.'s Cotton Compound.

The mode of preparing it, the material used, the proportions, &c., were fully explained to us, and we most unhesitatingly recommend it, as a most excellent Fertilizer.

The price of each article used in its manufacture was given, and we find, by calculation, the actual value of the ingredients used to be seventy dollars and fifty cents for each ton. Messrs. OLIVER & Co. assure us that the proportions of the materials used [illegible] and their standing will, we think, be a sufficient guarantee that their promises will be fulfilled:

W. B. Wadsworth, H. T. Guion, H. J. B. Clark, Samil. S. Bibble, John H. Haughton, John Hughes, Henry C. Ligon, William Hassell, B. Weatherbee, Geo. W. Collier, K. R. Jones, G. F. M. Dail, Nath'l B. Street, W. D. Ferebee, John A. Parrott, Jno. F. Redding, Abner Rouse, Henry R. Bryan, Walter Duffy, W. J. Hardesty, H. Lewis, Joseph M. Watson, J. A. Haskell, Edwin G. Cox, William F. Stanton, James S. Lane, F. Merwine, John H. Nelson, Calvin Cox, John C. Washington.

We are prepared to furnish any quantity of the above Fertilizer at $75 per ton of 2000 pounds.

WILLIAM H. OLIVER & CO.

Newbern, March 19-188-3t*

COACH MAKERS AND SADDLERS.

WE KEEP A FULL STOCK OF CARRIAGE, Buggy, Wagon and Cart Spokes, Rims, Hubs, Seats, Shafts, Axles and Springs, Coach Trimming, Enamelled Cloth, Dash, Collar and Harness Leather, Carved Parts, Malcable Castings, Plated Bands, Bolts, Tire Iron, Gig Trees, Harness Collars, Buckles, Bits, Fronts, Winkers, Ornaments, Rosetts, Gag Runners, Terrett, Tad Screws and General Hardware.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.
Jan 29-147-1t Newbern N. C.

No. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO

250 TONS,

FOR SALE BY

RAINE & JACKSONS,
PETERSBURG, VA.

mar 18-187 1w

Black Smith's Tools, on Hand.

BELLOWS, Anvils, Vices, Sledge, Hand and Horse Shoe Hammers, Rasps, Bastard Files, Tongs.

ALSO,

Horse and Mule Shoes; Nail Rods, H. S. Nails, Cast and Blister Steel, Refined and Scrolls Iron.

J. BROWN,
mar 16-186-tf With HART & LEWIS.

FOR VENEZUELA.

ORONOCO AND CORONI RIVER SOUTH AMERICA. The fast sailing A. 1 Schooner "United States," Chas. DeRoker, Master, will positively leave Wilmington on the 25th day of March, for the above port. Parties wishing to emigrate, or those having made previous arrangements, will please call on board, and pay their passage and obtain their tickets from the Captain on board, or to

E. MURRAY & CO.
mar-8-187-td.

FOR SALE.

A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT.

BY VIRTUE OF A DEED OF TRUST EXECUTED TO ME BY WM. B. SMITH, & CO. I OFFER FOR SALE, UPON GOOD TERMS, THE

Bookstore and Good Will

of the establishment lately belonging to the firm of Wm. B. SMITH & CO., at No. 42, Fayetteville Street, in this City.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF BOOKS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL and office requisites, Garden Seeds, Fixtures, together with an assignment of the lease of the Store room, is desired to be closed at once in bulk; and to this end bids will be received by the subscriber. Every opportunity will be readily afforded persons desiring to purchase, for ascertaining the character and amount of stock, the extent of the business, its profits, prospects, &c.

I also offer for sale, in the same way, the

COMPLETE PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

together with an assignment of lease of rooms in which it is situate.

I also offer for sale the copyright, subscription list and good will of

THE FIELD AND FIRESIDE,

with the type and machinery sufficient to publish it.

I also offer for sale upon the same terms, *The Key-Stone*, with type and machinery sufficient to publish it.

I also, offer for sale upon the same terms,

The Crescent Monthly, The Rural JOURNAL,

and the *Copy Rights* upon all the books published by Wm. B. Smith & Co., in so far as the same may have [illegible] to them under contracts with Authors. Under this head is

NAMELESS,

a popular Novel, which is good to the publisher for one or more editions, with special stipulations between author and publisher;

MOSSES FROM A ROLLING STONE,

a volume of poems upon similar conditions; and several

NOVELETTES.

Persons desiring to bid can obtain any information by applying to me upon the premises, or in my absence to Wm. B. Smith, who will take pleasure in giving any information desired.

The creditors of the late firm of Wm. B. Smith & Co., other than A. S. Barnes & Co., of New York, the employees and contributors of the late firm, Williams & Haywood Raleigh, and "The Masonic Publishing and Manufacturing Company," New York, all of whom are preferred, in said deed, are notified to present their claims duly authenticated within three months from the [illegible] of Feb 1867. R. W. YORK,
Trustee.

NOTE.—Bids must be in writing; and they will be received until the 27th, March, 1867, for any portion or all of the stock as offered above.

The Trustee reserves the right to accept any bid in the meantime, and to reject all bids at the end of the time. If not accepted the stock will be closed out, at auction, on the 28th, March 1867.

R. W. YORK,
March 7-178-d1w2awtds Trustee.

Petersburg Advertisements.

NOTICE.

1867. NEW SPRING GOODS. 1867

$10,000.00.

Forty Thousand Dollars Worth

OF THE MOST DESIRABLE AND

FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET, NOW OPENING AT

SMITH'S, 25 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS BEING now more than ever my firm conviction of the true way to success, I am determined to pursue this course, and as advertising is only effectual when it is real, I am also determined to advertise only such goods as are really on hand and in stock. Independent of the large stock of

DRY GOODS,

I have added a large stock of Cocoa and Straw Matting, Oil Cloths, Carpets, Lace and Damask Curtains, Table and Piano Covers, Lace Tidies, Bleached and Unbleached Satin-Damask and Snow-drop Table Linen; Napkins, Doilies Towels, Huckaback Linen Dowlas, Diaper and Birds-eye Diapers in great variety. All kinds of white goods—such as Dressed and Undressed Jackonets and Cambric, Checked Muslins, Nainsooks—plain and checked, Mull Muslins, Swisses, plain, checked, dotted and embroidered, Organdies and Grenadines, Book Muslins, Tarletons—white and colored.

Also, a full assortment of LACES AND EMBROIDERIES, from the finest real Point Lace [illegible] Imitation lace, worth 25 cents. A full assortment of Bands, Edging and Flouncings—Cambric, Jaconet, Nainsook and Linen.

Also, the most extensive stock of IRISH LINEN in Virginia.

Full lines of Linen and Muslin HANDKERCHIEFS, in plain hemstitch and fancy; do. embroidered and Lace trimmed, from 25 cents to $12.50 each.

The most complete stock of Spring MANTLES ever offered in this market, is now opened, embracing some forty different styles, and all new. This cannot fail to be a most interesting feature of our business to the ladies.

The stock of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, embraces all the new fabrics to be found at the most reasonable rates.

The SILK stock is far larger than any in the State, and commands our especial attention. The encomiums the ladies have heretofore passed on this stock, as compared with anything they had seen, leaves us without anything to say, more than it is now larger and more complete than it has ever been. No lady wishing to buy Silks should do so, without first examining this stock.

The assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND LINEN GOODS, for Spring wear, is entirely complete, embracing the largest Stock of its kind, and at the most moderate prices.

The largest and finest stock of GLOVES AND HOSIERY ever offered, is now being opened, embracing everything in the line, from the finest Alexander's kid gloves, to the lowest grades. Hosiery in endless variety, embracing every kind and for every age.

I have also added the most complete assortment of SMALL WARES, NOTIONS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

The WHOLESALE STOCK is complete in every respect, and is the largest I have ever offered, being bought exclusively for Cash.

Great inducements will be offered for the Cash.

Samples will be sent by mail free of charge on application, with prices marked on each, thereby enabling those who cannot visit our city, to make their selections at home as low prices as if they were present.

THOMAS SMITH.

mar 13-182-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

COTTON AND COTTON PLANTERS, &c.

Just receiving as Agent, direct from the manufacturers, and sold at their prices, adding cost of transportation:

Sinclair's celebrated Corn Planter.
Smith's Virginia Ditto.
Lancaster and Herno Cotton Planters.
Montgomery's Maryland Cutting Knife.
Sinclair's Propeller ditto.
Smith's Virginia Do.
Marsh's new Cotton Plow; Corn Shellers, Cultivators and Harrows.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
mar 12-181-tf Agent.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARKS & LITTLEJOHN,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, MARKS & CO.,)

General Grocers
—AND—
Commission Merchants,

No. 6 OLD STREET,

OPPOSITE SYCAMORE,

Petersburg, Va.

Will attend to the Sale of all Produce and Merchandize, of every description, sent to their care and will also purchase any goods not in their line.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Can also furnish Fertilizers of any kidd to farmers on accommodating terms.

J. A. MARKS, } W. H. LITTLEJOHN,
Late of Anderson, Marks & Co. of Franklin Co., N. C.

Feb 18-161-3m

FERTILIZERS

FOR SPRING CROPS.

WE beg to inform the trade and planters of North Carolina and Virginia, that we are prepared to furnish them with the most approved FERTILIZERS, on the most accommodating terms. We will have a stock of genuine PERUVIAN GUANO, purchased direct from the Agent of the Peruvian Government.

We have now in store, for immediate delivery, 325 tons BRADLEY'S SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, which won for itself such an enviable reputation in the Cotton and Tobacco counties of North Carolina and Virginia, last season, proving itself equal, and in many important respects, superior to the Peruvian Guano. We give an analysis of it as ascertained by Dr. Hayes, one of the most eminent Chemists in the country:

Results of Analyses Made of Bradley's Patent Super-Phosphate of Lime, as now sold by Wm. L. Bradley.

100 PARTS CONSIST OF—	
Moisture	5.30
Prepared animal matter, salts of Ammonia, fatty substances and Humus	38.50
Bone Phosphates of Lime, Magnesia and Iron	36.80
(Soluble Phosphates of do. 16 6-10.)	
Sulphate of Lime	16.50
Salts	20
Insoluble	2.60
	99.90

The animal matter afforded 4 2-10 parts of Ammonia when it was decomposed, and, as will be seen, nearly one-half of the Bone Phosphate is soluble.

After many analyses of your Super-Phosphate of Lime, made during the last few months, I have found your standard of quality full equal to that of any you have ever sold in former years; and I am satisfied that you include the correct principles in the manufacture. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.

We refer to the following gentlemen who tested its merits last season:

Dr. G. A. Foote, Warren County, N. C.
J. S. Foote, " "
Col. John Wimbish, Granville, " "
R. T. Ballard, Franklin, " "
A. D. Ellis, " "
R. F. Yarborough, " "
L. Battle, Nash County, N. C.
J. H. Avent, " "
W. F. Wright, " "
B. M. Gonyon, " "
H. G. Williams, " "
J. P. Hilliard, " "
J. P. Jenkins, " "
J. J. Thornton, " "
Dr. W. H. Watson, " "
T. J. Bowen, Nash County, North Carolina.
J. S. Bobbit, " "
Hon. S. H. Rogers, Wake " "
T. P. Brassfield, Edgecomb " "
J. H. Armstrong, " "
J. L. Lyon, " "
E. H. Flowers, " "
Col. G. W. Hammond, " "
W. W. Barnes, " "
J. B. Taylor, " "
J. N. Taylor, " "
Geo. M. W. Ransom Northampton " "
W. P. Solomon, Halifax, " "
W. T. Lyon, Wilson, " "

We will be represented at the Courts of Granville, Nash, Wake, Edgecombe, Wilson, Halifax, Northampton, Franklin and Warren counties, N. C., [illegible] counties referred to in this card for our best attention.

McILWAINE & CO.

Petersburg, Va., Jan 21-3m

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,

No. 1015 Main Street,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,)

Richmond, Va.;

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

No. 8 Old Street

PETERSBURG, VA.;

BRANCH, SONS & CO.,

Broad Street,

AUGUSTA, GA.,

BANKERS,

AND

Commission Merchants,

Receive Money on Deposit, subject to sight checks, and allow interest on same as agreed upon; Negotiate Loans; Make Collections throughout the United States, and buy and sell on commission, Bank Notes, Bonds, Stocks, &c., &c.

They also offer their services for the sale and purchase of Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Cotton, &c.

Their senior, Thos. Branch, with an experience of thirty years in the commission trade, will give his personal attention to the Richmond house, and expects to give satisfaction to his old friends and all who may favor them with their patronage.

Cash advances made on consignments to them and to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, London, Antwerp and Bremen.

Guano, and other concentrated Manures, furnished to their regular customers. Special attention is given to the execution of Cotton purchases, by

THOS. BRANCH & SONS, Petersburg,
AND
BRANCH, SONS & CO., Augusta, Ga.

The Richmond House transmitting telegraphic orders to either house, as may be preferred.

We are paying the highest rates for Bank Notes and Southern Securities; will hand returns with check on New York, Richmond or Petersburg, for all packages sent to our care, at best rates.

We will buy old North Carolina Bonds, Coupons, registered, scratched &c., also detached coupons.

Railroad Stock bought and sold.

The following are the present rates of our Petersburg House for N. C. Bank notes, and applicable to changes the highest rates paid when notes are received.

Bank of Cape Fear	.26

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 12 lines *Nonpareil* lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corr, sponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 19, 1867.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Messrs. Branson & Farrar announce new Books.

W. H. Oliver & Co., Newbern, make known the merits of their excellent Cotton Fertilizer. The highest testimonials are offered as to its superior qualities.

J. Brown (with Hart & Lewis) invites attention to a fine stock of cutlery, &c.

The Messrs. McKimmon announce the latest and most attractive spring styles, just received and now opening.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Several parties were up before his Honor, Mayor Haywood, yesterday, for discharging fire-arms within the limits of the City. They were respectively fined $10.

Only one arrest last night,—an intoxicated soldier, who was kindly furnished with lodgings in the guard-house.

EXCELLENT ADVICE,—as applicable to Raleigh as to any other locality,—is that given by one of "Georgia's daughters," through the Covington *Enterprise*, to such of "Georgia's sons" as are rusting in idleness: "Go forth, there is a wide field of labor for you; not one need be unemployed. Go follow the plow, wield the ax and hoe, or else go into some of our machine shops or [illegible]; make yourselves useful.—Your suffering country calls you to her aid. It is ridiculous to see the number of boys and men idling about! Go to our towns and cities, it is truly distressing to see so many worse than useless. Soon many of them will find a home in the State prison, or an untimely death on the gallows. Think, young man, and retrace your steps ere it is too late."

REVENUE LAW.—The Public Treasurer, K. P. Battle, Esq., has prepared very full and plain instructions to all State Revenue Officers, and also a copious index to the act to collect Revenue, which will greatly facilitate their operations and secure a uniform course throughout the State. It will be found very convenient to all who wish to understand the law fully. Mr. Battle omits nothing which can render the duties pertaining to the revenue easily understood and promptly performed.

MESSRS. MCKETHAN, OF FAYETTEVILLE.—In noticing the various manufactories in this State, we have intended for some time to mention the extensive and excellent factory of Messrs. A. A. McKethan & Son, of Fayetteville, for carriages, buggies and all grades of travelling vehicles. It is not only the largest carriage factory in the State, but is probably equal in size to almost any in the South. But the chief point of interest in the matter is the superior workmanship and durability of the articles manufactured. The long high standing of this factory has given it a name all over the South. Only a few days ago, we observed, in the Wilmington *Dispatch*, that the Messrs. McKethan had just filled an order for two elegant, leather-top buggies, for Dr. G. C. McGregor, of Brenham, Texas. We can confidently recommend this establishment to our readers, from personal knowledge and examination. Articles in this line our people need not send North for. Our own mechanics in this city, and at various points throughout the State, can supply the demand, but we know no establishment so extensive as or more reliable than the Messrs. McKethan's at Fayetteville.

HEAVY THEFT.—On the night of the 13th. of the present month, a band of rogues entered the stables of Mr. Wm. Evans, near Marion Court House, S. C., and stole therefrom a fine chesnut sorrel horse, shod in front, front hoofs cracked, paces under saddle,) one fine black horse, (with a blemish in one eye, 8 or 9 years old,) and one dark bay mare Mule. Also a fine black buggy and harness. They were tracked in the direction of the up-country in this State.—Mr. Evans will give a good reward for their recovery.

THE LOCAL of the Norfolk *Day Book*, who is evidently as hard up for an "item" as we confess ourselves to be, gives the public the benefit of his breakfast bill of fare,—*thusly*, as Mr. Billings would say:

"That cosy little table, the smiling face behind the coffee-pot, the brown corn muffins, the soft biscuits, the seasoned omelet, the crisp shad, and the fizzing bacon, did present us such a picture of home comforts, as makes us enjoy that blissful delusion of a married man, that there's no place like home."

We commend the picture to all bachelors.

STATE ITEMS.

—We see it stated that a meeting will be held in this City on Tuesday, the 16th of April, for the organization of a State Council of the Friends of Temperance. It is earnestly desired that all the Councils of the State shall be represented, by at least one, and as many more delegates as may find it convenient to attend. A. W. Weddell, President of the State Council of Virginia, and other Temperance men from this State, will be present.

—At an Episcopal Convocation in Petersburg, last week, Rev. S. C. Roberts, of North Carolina, was chosen Missionary for supplying destitute churches "in this district."

—The *Christian Sun*, of Suffolk, makes the following announcement:

"We are happy to announce to our friends in North Carolina, that Wm. R. Hunter, the well known "Children's Friend," has this week accepted a District Vice President's commission, and in co operation with Bros. Hill, Vance and Andrews, will canvass the State and organize new Councils wherever opportunity offers. We commend Bro. Hunter to the friends of the good cause everywhere. He will show himself the right man in the right place. His address at present is Salisbury, N. C.

—We observe that Mr. L. P. Wheat, formerly of this State, is giving concerts in the City of New York, at Wallack's Theatre. He is assisted by Madame Parepa-Rosa, Carl Rosa, and others.

—The Salisbury *Banner* says that the recent snow in that region was four or five inches deep.

—The *Journal of Commerce* congratulates the people of Newbern that the colored 40th. U. S. Infantry have left that city for Hatteras. It adds: "May the spot which now knows them continue to know them forever."

—The freshet in the Neuse and a strong Westerly wind drove the tide up into the streets of Newbern, on Sunday. Some of the merchants in the lower end of the city might have gone to their offices by water.

—Major Jno. Hughes, of Newbern, has accepted the nomination for the State Senate, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge Manly. Major Hughes is eminently qualified for the position.

A LETTER FROM ONE OF THE MEN WHO SPOKE AGAINST THE MILLION RELIEF BILL.—*Washington*, January 27th, 1861.—I have seen the resolutions of the Springfield Convention. They express my sentiments precisely. I am sure they are sound and must prove to be the only way to have peace in this country. *There is no use of our talking about coercion to make the States come back.* They may be subdued, but never made to stay in the Union unless some safe *compromise* is made by the Republicans.—*They talk of war*; THIS WOULD BE THE EVERLASTING OVERTHROW OF ALL OUR INSTITUTIONS, RESULTING ONLY IN DESPOTISM.

God preserve us from the horrible scenes of war. Your friend,

JOHN A. LOGAN.

If marriage is a lottery, the editor of the Gardiner (Maine) Journal can be indicted for the manner he takes to procure subscribers. Here is his offer: "For two new subscribers, furnished by any good looking young lady, we will furnish a husband, or if we fail in that, we will marry her ourself as soon as the law will permit."

"See Naples and then die," said somebody, but a bachelor friend reminds us that China is the place for a family man to die, for in that country the physician who kills you has to support your family.

A genuine New Yorker, recently married whose trousseau was exposed to the inspection of the newspaper reporters, had twenty four pairs of shoes to match twenty-four different dresses.

"Henry, love, I wish you would throw away that book, and talk with me—I feel so dull. (A long silence and no reply.) O, Henry, my foot is asleep!" "Is it? Well, don't talk, dear, you might wake it up."

In the death returns of New York, last week, the hanging of Wagner, the wife murderer, comes under the head of "Deaths from accident or negligence."

Miss Carmichael, the poetess of Salt Lake, having become the one wife of one husband, and left Mormondom, is about to publish a book on the Mormons, and her life among them.

Says an astronomer to a bright-eyed girl, when talking of rainbows, "Did you ever see a lunar bow, Miss?" "I have seen beaux by moonlight, if that's what you mean," was the sly rejoinder.

Gov. Bullock, of Massachusetts, having intimated that he will not be a candidate for re-election, the Boston *Traveller* says that General Butler has an eye to the place. It is important for Massachusetts to know which eye.

A Yankee proposes to build an establishment which he may drive a sheep into at one end, and have it come out at the other as four quarters of mutton, a felt hat, a pair of drawers, a leather apron, and a quarto dictionary.

A LETTER was received at our city post office yesterday with the following address: "Corn Knoel you us Smith, Richmun, Virginney."—*Dispatch.*

RESOLUTIONS appropriating $50,000 to test the constitutionality of the military reconstruction bill were passed in the Louisiana Senate on Thursday.

A man in Fredericksburg, Va., was knocked down by lightning and cured of rheumatism. He don't recommend the remedy.

In view of the large number of divorces in Vermont, a newspaper in that State suggests a tax of $1,000 upon every petition for separation, as a sinking fund for the State debt.

A man much addicted to snoring remarked to his bed fellow in the morning that he had slept like a top. "I know it," said the other, "like a humming top."

The Illinois Legislature, at its session just closed, passed twelve hundred and sixty-three bills.

A boy school, in Augusta Ga., has contributed $40 towards the comfort of Jefferson Davis.

A church in Baltimore has the motto upon the outer walls: "To the poor the gospel is preached." One morning these words were found painted under it: "Not here though."

There is one thing that confounds all in infidelity—no one ever repented being a Christian on his death bed.

Galveston pays her Mayor $1,200; her market cleaner $1,500.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Tuesday Morning Dispatches.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, March 18, P. M.

In the *House*, a large number of bills were introduced and ordered to be referred to the appropriate Committees, when appointed.

The President was called on for information relative to foreign affairs in Canada and the French evacuation of Mexico.

The joint resolution excluding liquor from the Capitol building, and the adjacent grounds, passed.

The Senate's supplemental bill was taken up.

A clause was added to the oath that the applicant for registration had never been a member of a State Legislature, or held a Judicial office, and afterwards aided the rebellion. This was to cover cases in Virginia, where, since 1860, such officers were not required to swear to support the Federal Constitution.

In the sixth section, the clause requiring at least half of the registered voters to ratify the Constitution, was stricken out.

A clause making false swearing punishable was added and the bill passed.

A resolution, allowing a suspension of the rules by a two-thirds vote, during the remainder of the session, was adopted.

A resolution, directing the Judiciary committee to enquire whether Maryland has a Constitution which Congress can consistently recognize as republican, was adopted.

A resolution was passed, directing the suspension of payment for drafted or enlisted slaves, and the discharge of the Commissioners under the said law.

A resolution, that money captured and the proceeds of captured property be paid into the Treasury, was adopted. This includes several millions now on special deposit in the Treasury.

In the *Senate*, the credentials of Mr. Thomas, the newly elected Senator from Maryland, were presented. A motion to refer them to the Judiciary committee was elaborately discussed, without action.

The supplemental bill was taken up and the Senate concurred in the House amendments, except that relative to requiring a majority of the registered voters to ratify the Constitution.

The bill authorizing the Secretary of War to furnish Bromlow with arms and equipments for 2,500 militia, passed.

GENERAL POPE COMMANDS THE THIRD DISTRICT.

WASHINGTON, March 18, P. M.

General Thomas, at his own request, retains command of the Department of the Cumberland.

General John Pope will command the third District.

LARGE NEGRO MEETING.

SAVANNAH, March 18.

There has been a meeting here of three thousand negroes. There were three white and five black speakers. The speeches were confined to universal suffrage, and the right to sit as jurors. The meeting was very orderly.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 18, P. M.

Stocks excited. Gold $1,34½. Five-twenty Coupons of '62 $109¾.

Cotton firmer, 32@32½.

Flour active. State $9,25@12, Corn steady.

Mess Pork steady.

Rosin $4,25@8,50.

BALTIMORE, March 18, P. M.

Cotton firm.

Rio coffee 13½@14.

Flour firmer. City superfine $10,50.

Corn advanced 2@4. White $1 10@1,12.

Provisions active.

LIVERPOOL, March 18, M.

Cotton opens very firm, with continued activity and advancing tendency. Middling uplands quoted at 13¼d.@13⅜d.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

LARGE RATIFICATION MEETING IN ALABAMA.

SELMA, March 19.

The largest meeting ever held in this city has passed resolutions recognizing the right of Congress to prescribe terms of re-admission of the seceded States, and urging a prompt acceptance of the terms offered.

BRITISH-AMERICAN CONSOLIDATION.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.

The British Columbia council has voted unanimously for admission into the Province of Canada.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 19.

Stocks active. 5,20 Coupons of 1862 @109@109¼; Virginia State Coupons 85@85½. Exchange, 60 days 8; Sight 9. Money 6@7. Gold $1.34. Cotton firm; middling uplands 32@32½.

LIVERPOOL, March 18 P. M.

Cotton closes firm. Middling uplands 13½@13¾.

AUCTION SALE!

ON THURSDAY, 21ST. DAY OF MARCH,

At 11 o'clock, we will sell

AT AUCTION,

In our store, the following desirable articles, viz:

1000 lbs. prime Mountain Butter, some of it choice.
2000 " best Buckwheat Flour.
500 " Chewing Tobacco.
500 " Pork Hams, Sides and Reefed Sugar.
1000 " Cheese, slightly damaged.
5 hds. North Carolina superfine Flour.
5 " " " family "
5 kegs Cooking Soda.
5 dozen Collins' Cast Steel Axes.
5 " " " Hatchets.
10 " Painted Buckets.
10 " Brooms.
10 " Curry Combs
5 " Wash Pans.
2000 Havana Segars.
200 gallons N. C. Whiskey.
200 " " Apple Brandy.
200 " " Monongahela Whiskey.
250 lbs. Mustard. 20 lbs. Spice. 40 lbs. Ginger.
40 " Pepper, 7 doz. pr. Whittemore's Cotton Cards, 50 gross assorted Screws, 5 dozen Stock Locks, 60 dozen Lead Pencils, 20 lbs. Black Flax Thread, 10 boxes Adamantine Candles.

Besides a variety of other valuable and useful articles.

N. B Parties wishing to avail themselves of the facilities of this Auction, are requested to send in their goods not later than Tuesday evening.

E. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,
Auctioneers.

mar-18-187-td.

READ THIS!

MRS. FRANKLIN

BEGS LEAVE to inform her friends and patrons, and the public, that she is now receiving her Spring and Summer stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

and would be pleased to show them to any person in want of such goods.

She pledges herself to sell as cheap as the same can be had in this market.

BLEACHING, PRESSING AND DYING

done at short notice, opposite Court House.

MRS. J. E. FRANKLIN.

mar-18-3awdw.

Progress and Standard copy.

STOP THE THIEF!

$25 REWARD.

STOLEN FROM MY STABLES ON THE NIGHT of the 15th. inst., two line young

MARE MULES,

One a dark bay, and the other a dark iron gray, rather under medium size, have never been shod behind.

I will give the above reward for the recovery of the Mules.

Address me at Company Shops, Alamance County, N. C.

B. E. SERGEANT.

mar 18-187-4tdltw*

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) C B.	37
" Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	24
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxboro	40
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	30
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	15
" Washington	6
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	26
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	21
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	46
Greensborough Mutual	-
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	40
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	93
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Raleigh National Bank of North Carolina.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	24
" Commerce	15
" Clarendon	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	10
" Lexington at Graham	20
" North Carolina	37
" Roxboro	35
" Thomasville	35
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	21
" Washington	5
" Yanceyville	7
Commercial at Wilmington	21
Farmers' Greensboro (Old)	26
Merchants', Newbern	45
Miners' and Planters'	25
Virginia Bank notes, average	25
South Carolina "	21
Georgia "	20
Gold	134
Silver	128
Old North Carolina Coupons	30
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	85
North Carolina 6's	40
Exchange on New York, ¼	

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER, RALEIGH N. C.

BACON	15@16
BEEF	11@20
BUTTER	25@35
COTTON	22@24
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	28@35
EGGS	12½@15
DRIED FRUIT—Apples	$2 50@3 00
" Peaches, per lb.	none
FOWLS	35@50
FLOUR—Family	15 00@17 00
" Superfine	13 00@14 50
LARD	15@20
MEAL	1 25@1 50
MOLASSES	60@75
NAILS	9@10
PEAS—White	1 25@1 35
" Stock	1 10@1 25
POTATOES—Irish	1 75@2 25
" Sweet	75@1 00
RAGS	4@5
SALT	3 25@4 25
SUGAR—Crushed	18@22
" Brown best	15@17½
" Common Brown	12½@15

NEWBERN, March 15.—Cotton (tax unpaid) 21 @ 22. Flour $9,50@$10. Spirits Turpentine (tax paid) 56c. Rosin 90c.@$5. Mess Pork $25@$26. Corn 95c.@$1. Shingles $3,50@$5,50 per M.

FAYETTEVILLE, March 14.—Bacon 15@17. Beef 8@10. Butter 20@30. Cotton 25@25½. Cotton Yarns $2,4 @$2,50. 4-4 Sheetings 18@22. Flour, family, $15@$15,50; superfine $14@$15. Turpentine $2@$4.

WILMINGTON, March 15.—Turpentine $3,70 for [illegible] for hard, per 280 lbs. Spirits Turpentine [illegible]. Cotton 26@28. Rosin [illegible]@$5,75. Tar $1,65

PETERSBURG, March 14.—Cotton 25@26. Tobacco, Lugs $2,50@$12; Leaf $4@$60, according to quality. Bacon, Western, 12@13c. Fertilizers—prices varying, according to quality, from $40@$90 per ton.

NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, March 14.—Bacon, Va. and N. C., 14@17. Cotton 25@27½. Flour $11 @$18. Herrings, N. C. cut, $10. Corn, 93@96c. Molasses 55@60. Staves $35@$100 per M.

SPECIAL NOTICES

50 LBS. ZEPHYR AT 25 CT., PER OUNCE, AT M. ROSENBAUM'S.

A FINE LOT OF LADIES FURS 25 PER cent less than cost, at M. ROSENBAUM'S.
Feb 9-157-tf

2 CASES GENT'S FINE FRENCH CALF Boots warranted hand sewed, at $5.00 a pair. At M. ROSENBAUM'S.
Feb 9-157-tf

500 PAIRS LADIES SEWED SHOES AT $1.50 a pair at, M. ROSENBAUM'S.
Feb 9-157-tf

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.

Feb 6-154-6m

PLANTING POTATOES.

200 Bls. Potatoes "Mercia," "Peach Bloom" and "Jackson White"—for sale by WILLARD & BRO'S.
mar 2-175-tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW CROP MOLASSES.

110 Bbl's. and Tierces, New Crop Cuba Molasses, For Sale by WILLARD & BRO'S.
mar 2-175-2w Wilmington, N. C.

WANTED.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A SITUATION as Teacher, in a private family, or school. Address, MISS. LOUISE TRACY,
mar 2-175-w Wilmington, N. C.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE undersigned have formed a *limited partnership*, in accordance with acts of the Legislature of 1860–61, entitled "Limited Partnership," Chapter 28, for five years, to date from Jan. 1st. 1867, and to terminate Jan. 1st. 1872. The nature of the business to be transacted is a general wholesale and Commission business in the city of Wilmington. James A. Willard and A. A. Willard, of the city of Wilmington are the *general partners* under the style of "Willard Brothers." W. H. Willard, of the city of Raleigh, is the *special partner*, and as such has contributed and paid in to the capital stock the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) in cash.

JAS. A. WILLARD, } General.
A. A. WILLARD, }
W. H. WILLARD, Special Partner.
mar 2-175-1m Wilmington, N. C.

NEW CROP CUBA MOLASSES.

ANOTHER CARGO EXPECTED.

WE SHALL HAVE ANOTHER CARGO OF New Crop Cuba Molasses in about ten days. Send in your orders at once, in order to secure it.

WORTH & DANIEL,
mar 16-186-10t Wilmington, N. C.

DRY GOODS.

COME! COME!! COME!!

TO CREECH'S!

HOME AGAIN!

OLD GOODS SOLD OUT

AND NEW GOODS COMING IN.

I NOW TAKE THE PLEASURE OF INFORMing my friends and customers, that I have just returned from New York and am now receiving a large and well selected Stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

embracing all the new styles of the Season, together with a large stock of

GENTS, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's trimmed, and untrimmed Hats, (new styles for 1867.)

I HAVE NOW IN STORE A FINE VARIETY OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

and my stock will be complete in a few days, when I will tell you more about them.

A. CREECH.
mar 6-177-6t

"UNAVOIDABLE DELAY,"

IN GETTING INTO OUR NEW STORE BY April, has obliged us to purchase our SPRING STOCK before moving.

We are now receiving, at our OLD STAND, a beautiful and choice selection of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

ORGANDI MUSLINS,
FRENCH JACONETT,
PRINTED LAWNS,
CHALLIES, LENOE'S MOHAIRS,
POPLENETTS AND De LAINES,

TOGETHER WITH A LARGE STOCK OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL PRINTS

&c., &c.

A full line of White Goods and Embroideries.

Our stock will be daily replenished, in every

DEPARTMENT,

and whilst we will sell you the *best goods*, we intend to sell at the lowest prices.

Our senior partner and buyer, Col. Tucker, will remain in the Northern and Eastern Markets, and the community at large, can rely upon having the newest styles of goods, the latest novelties, &c., at the lowest prices.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
mar 13-182-tf

MEDICINES, &c.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

Physicians, Purents and Druggists, will find these PILLS, them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by
R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.

For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Invalids it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by
R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE FARMER,

A MONTHLY JOURNAL,

DEVOTED TO

Agriculture, Horticulture,

THE MECHANIC ARTS

AND

HOUSEHOLD ECONOMY;

PUBLISHED AT RICHMOND, VA.,

BY

ELLIOTT & SHIELDS.

THE PUBLISHERS, determined to exert all their energies, look with confidence to the new year for such an increase of patronage as will enable them to enlarge the usefulness of THE FARMER, and make it a still more desirable medium for advertisers.

SUBSCRIPTION.—The terms of subscription have been made so low and reasonable as to place it within the reach of all who may desire it, and in view of the great interests to be served by an extensive circulation, we confidently expect the hearty co-operation of many in those sections of the country not now supplied with a good Agricultural Journal.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: For a single copy one year, $3,00

CLUB RATES: Five copies one year for $13,00; ten copies one year for $25,00; fifteen copies one year for $37,00; twenty copies one year for $49,00; twenty-five copies one year for $60,00; and larger clubs in the same proportion.

To secure the advantages of these liberal terms, the clubs must be complete at the time of subscription, and the money accompany the order.

It is not required that all the subscribers to a club shall receive THE FARMER at one office. If necessary it will be mailed under the club arrangement to as many different offices as there are subscribers to the club.

ELLIOTT & SHIELDS,
Jan 5—4t Richmond, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE!!!

FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONDUCTING A Family Grocery, I have established myself on the North Side of Market Square, in the Brick Store next to Fayetteville Street, where I shall keep constantly on hand a carefully selected Stock, embracing,

FLOUR, MEAL, GRAIN,
BACON, LARD, CHEESE,
SUGAR, MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA,
SOAP,
CANDLES,
RICE,
SALT, &c., &c.

to which I respectfully invite the attention of my friends and the public.

DOUGLAS BELL.
Raleigh, Mar 11-180-1m

1867. SPRING TRADE. 1867.

8 x 10 and 10 x 12 Glass.
10 x 14 and 12 x 18 ditto.
300 lbs., Bladder Putty.

J. BROWN.
mar 11-180-tf With HART & LEWIS.

TANNER'S OIL.

ANOTHER lot of that Superior Fish Oil for Tanner's use, just to hand.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
Dec 17-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!

A Proclamation by His Excellency, Jonathan Worth, Governor of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that J. Q. Bryant, late of the County of Wake in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Wiley Sauls, late of said County and State, and that said Bryant is a fugitive from justice.

NOW, THEREFORE, in order that the said Bryant may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this, my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.

In witness whereof, His Excellency, SEAL. JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed. Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 22d. day of February, A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH.
WM. H. HAILEY, Private Secry.

DESCRIPTION.—J. Q. Bryant is between 25 and 30 years old, about 6 feet 1 inch high, straight, square shouldered, light complexioned, down look, incessantly chewing tobacco, visiting dissipated places, fond of gaming, dark hair, has a sore leg (or has had, which will leave a scar.)

Feb 22—168-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!!

A PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of North Carolina:

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that PETER LANE (Colored), late of the County of Wake, in said State stands charged with the murder of one Mary (Colored) late of said County and State, and that said Lane is a fugitive from justice.

NOW THEREFORE, in order that the said Lane may be arrested and brought to justice, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.

In witness whereof, His Excellency, SEAL. JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed. Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 22d. day of February A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH,
WM. H. HAILEY, Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.—Peter Lane, is a bright mulatto, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high, weighs 180 or 190 lbs., high forehead, eyes rather heavy, countenance full very polite, quick spoken—and is a black-smith by trade.

Feb 22-168-1m

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.

ART. LIMB DEPT.
RALEIGH, March 13th. 1867.

THOSE MEN OF THIS STATE, WHO HAVE lost limbs, both eyes, or have limbs that are entirely useless, rendered so while in service during the late war, and who prefer commutation, can obtain a warrant on the Treasurer for the same, (which is as valuable as the money), by getting certificates, from their county Court Clerks, declaring their companies, regiments, and limbs lost or rendered useless, and forwarding them by mail to me.

The necessary blanks have been sent to the Clerks. Any who may have failed to get them, will please to let me know at once.

Each man must give his Post Office, so that I may know where to send his warrant. Those who wish limbs will have to come here.

S. G. RYAN, Supt.
mar 14-184-6t

Journal of Commerce, Newbern; Journal, Wilmington; Times, Charlotte; Farmer, Asheville; Argus, Wadesboro; old North State, Salisbury; and Indicator, Warrenton; publish 6 times each and send accounts to this Department.

ARTIFICIAL LEGS.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
Feb. 23d. 1867.

THE MANUFACTURERS EMPLOYED TO SUPply artificial legs at the expense of the State, to soldiers of this State who lost their legs in the military service of the State or late Confederate Government in the late war, have nearly completed their undertaking, and as there may be some entitled to be supplied who have not made application, all such are requested to apply to the Sheriffs of their respective counties and procure the requisite certificates (printed forms of which are in the hands of every Sheriff) and make application without delay.

No report has been received from the Sheriffs of the following counties showing how many have lost legs, and none have applied to be supplied from them: Alamance, Beaufort, Bertie, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Clay, Perquimans and Tyrrell. The Sheriff of Caswell reported 2; Haywood 4; Hyde 2; Jones 1; Transylvania 3; and from these counties no application has been made for an artificial leg, or for commutation for one.

JONATHAN WORTH.
Feb 23-167-2w Governor of N. C.

OLIVER DITSON & CO.,

277 Washington St., Boston.

PUBLISH UPWARDS OF 500 MUSIC BOOKS, comprising Theoretical and Practical Works in every branch of Musical Science. Among these are Richardson's New Method for the Piano, $3,75; Modern School for the Organ, by Zundell, $4; Bassini's Art of Singing—Complete, $4; Abridged, $3; Spohr's Violin—Complete $4; Abridged $2; Berbiguier's Flute, $3; "The Home Circle Series" of Piano-forte Music, 9 Vols. each, plain, $2,50; Cloth, $3; Gilt, $4; Bambach's Sacred Quartets, Cloth $2,75; Boards, $2,50; The Harp of Judah and The Jubilate, by L. O. Emerson, each $4,38; Golden Wreath and Merry Chimes, Emerson sons, each 50 cts. Also, all the Standard Operas, Masses, Oratorios and Cantatas, and a complete series of Librettos. Complete Catalogues of Books and Sheet Music will be furnished on application.

mar 8-179-4c

THE PIANIST'S ALBUM:

A COLLECTION OF

Marches, Waltzes, Polkas, Redowas, Galops, Mazourkas, Quadrilles, Four-Hand Pieces, Dances, &c.

A BRILLIANT SET OF PIANO FORTE GEMS SUITED to every Grade of Capacity, and indispensable to every Pianist who would become familiar with THE POPULAR MUSIC OF THE DAY.

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THE SENTINEL.

TUESDAY, MARCH 19, 1867.

OUR WILLIE.

BY HENRY TIMROD.

THIS merry Christmas when he came,
Our little boy beneath the roof
And brighter burned the Christmas flame,
And merrier sped the Christmas game,
Because within the house was he,
A stripling as tiny as a fay.

The Christmas gifts of gold
In wreaths and garlands on the wall,
The holly hung its ruby ball,
The mistletoe its pearls,
And a Christmas love a thousand fold
Woke laughter like a music flood
From happy lips and eyes,
For the mirth, which rose in each household word,
As a school let loose to its revelry,
Was softened by the thought,
That in a dim hushed room above,
A mother's pains, in a moment's love,
Were only just begun.
The jest, the tale, the toast, the glee,
All took a sober tone,
We spoke of the lobe upstairs as we
Held festival for him alone,
When the bells rang in the Christmas morn,
It scarcely seemed a sin to say
That they rang because the babe was born,
Not less than for the sacred day,
Ah! Christ forgive us for the crime,
Which drowned the memories of the time

In a merely mortal love!
We sowed the seeds of the present month
Of another Christmas in the heath
Of every home but one.
When, in that lonely burial-ground,
With every Christmas spent and sound
Removed, or shattered, we keep
A mournful Christmas by the lamp
Where little Willie slept.

Ah, hapless mother! darling wife!
I might say nothing more,
And the dull cold world would hold
The story of that previous life
As empty void!
Shall we—shall you and I—believe
That world's unsympathetic eyes
Lay other relics from our scene
Of tender memories?
What could it know of the joy and love
That throbbed and smiled and wept above
An unresponsive thing?
And who could share the ecstatic thrill
With which we watched the spiritual bill
Of our bird alight in its spring?
Shall we tell how, to the latter's close,
Beneath all changes of the days,
And in an ordinary home,
Amid the city's din,
Life was to us a crystal dome,
Our babe the flame within?
Ah! this were jargon on the heart,
And though sages smile at it,
And many and many a suffering heart
Would weep and comprehend,
Yet even these might fail to see
What we saw daily in the child
Not the mere creature individual,
But the winged cherub soon to be,
This wandering band which seemed to us
As angels finger-tips,
And that harmony in a mystic way
Upon the rosy lips
That something in the serious face
Larger than even its infant grace,
And, which I rapt gaze on vanty space,
Ah, little one, half believed, was
But that for you veiled seer, who
With stately shapes the chamber drew,
Which touched us like a solemn thing,
Lest in the circle of our joy
We held a being less akin
To his parents in a world of sin
Than to beings not of clay;
How could we speak in human phrase
Of such scarce earthly traits and ways,
What would not seem
A doting dream,
In the creed of these sordid days?
No, let us keep,
Deep, deep,
In sorrowing heart and aching brain,
This story hidden with the pain,
Which, since that blue October night
When Willie vanished from our sight,
Must haunt us even in our sleep,
In the gloom of the chamber where he died,
And by that grave, which, through our care,
From Yule to Yule of every year
Is made like spring to bloom
And where, at times, we catch the sigh
As of an angel floating nigh,
Who longs but has not power to tell
That in that violet-shrouded cell
Lies nothing to appear in the world
Which he had cast aside;
By that sweet grave—in that stern room,
We many women at and for each other's ease,
Of that life, and that love, and that early doom,
The tale which is shadowed here
To us alone it will always be
As fresh as our own misery;
But enough, alas! for the world is said,
In the brief "Here lieth" of the dead.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Young America to [illegible] for each.

THE BANKRUPT LAW.

The Act to Establish an Uniform System of Bankruptcy Throughout the United States---What the Bill Is---What it Provides.

The substance of this most important bill just passed by the Senate and House, and approved by the President, will be found as follows in the summary that we give:

Section 1 establishes the several District Courts of the United States as courts of bankruptcy within their districts, in addition to the other original jurisdiction they now have.

Section 2 gives the Circuit Courts equity powers to supervise the proceedings of the District Courts in bankruptcy litigation and appeals, and in addition to this power gives them concurrent jurisdiction in the same matters.

Section 3 provides for the appointment in each Congressional District, upon the nomination of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, of one or more registers (to be counsellors in the District Courts,) whose duty it shall be to assist the District Judges in the performance of duty in bankruptcy cases. Bonds in $1,000, no interest in any of the suits, and ability to take the iron-clad oath, are the pre-requisites of each register.

Section 4 makes it the register's duty to adjudicate upon, receive surrenders in, and preside in bankruptcy proceedings. He is to compute property, dividends, assign *pro rata* shares to creditors, but bars him from committing for contempt or in acting in cases that go upon appeal.

Section 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 provide for the formula of legal proceedings in the Courts of Bankruptcy, a recapitulation of the practice now in vogue in other litigation.

Section 11 makes $300 the limit of debts on which to declare voluntary bankruptcy, requires the bankrupt to be or to become a citizen of the United States, forbids a transfer of property during pendency of proceedings, and demands full exhibit of debts and assetts on the part of the voluntary bankrupt.

Section 12, 13, and 14 provide that the action in bankruptcy shall go on should the bankrupt die, the same as if he were *in esse*; that the creditors shall appoint an assignee or assignees of the debtor's estate, subject to the approval of District Judge; that everything be turned over to assignees, whether of substance or account, for distribution, except: That there shall be excepted from the operation of the provisions of this section the necessary household and kitchen furniture, and such other articles and necessaries of such bankrupt as the said assignee shall designate and set apart, having reference in the amount to the family, condition and circumstances of the bankrupt, but altogether not to exceed in value in any case, the sum of $500; and also the wearing apparel of such bankrupt and that of his wife and children, and the uniform, arms, and equipments of any person who is or has been a soldier in the militia or in the service of the United States, and such other property as now is, or hereafter shall be, exempted from attachment or seizure, or levy on execution by the laws of the United States, and such other property, not included in the foregoing exceptions, as is exempted from levy and sale upon execution or other process or order of Court, by the laws of the State in which the bankrupt has his domicil at the time of the commencement of the proceedings in bankruptcy, to an amount not exceeding that allowed by such State exemption laws in force in the year 1864: Provided, That the foregoing exception shall operate as a limitation upon the conveyance of the property of the bankrupt to his assignees, and in no case shall the property hereby excepted pass to the assignee, or the title of the bankrupt thereto be impaired or affected by any of the provisions of this act; and the discretion hereby given to the assignee in setting apart property shall be subject to the final decision of the said Court.

Sections 15, 16, 17 and 18, give the assignee full power to recover the property of the debtor, to be distributed by whomsoever held; require him to classify and separate the goods or other effects, empower the assignee to choose arbitrators in matters of disputed possession; and provide for the supervision over and power to remove the assignees by the district judge for cause shown.

Sections 19, 20 and 21, ordain that claims be proved in the same manner as now against the estate of deceased persons; provide for set-offs in mutual debts between debtor and claimants; forbid suits against the bankrupt by those creditors proving their claims, and provide that if any bankrupt shall, at the time of adjudication, be liable upon any bill of exchange, promissory note or other obligation in respect of distinct contracts as a member of two or more firms, carrying on separate and distinct trades, and having distinct estates to be wound up in bankruptcy, or as a sole trader and also as a member of a firm, the circumstance that such firms are in whole or in part composed of the same individuals, or that the sole contractor is also one of the joint contractors, shall not prevent proof and receipt of dividend in respect of such distinct contracts against the estates respectively liable upon such contracts.

Sections 22, 23 and 24 require verification by oath of all claims by creditors, and if a corporation, by the proper officers for that purpose, to be filed before the register, or if in a foreign country, before the register, or other diplomatic officer nearest adjacent, and that investigation can be and must be made by the judge in case of all doubtful claims.

Section 25 orders the sale and the holding for distribution by the assignee of all perishable property, the title to which is not in dispute.

Section 26 provides for the examination of the bankrupt by the court, either at its own option or at the request of the assignee, into all circumstances and statement of the bankrupt, who is punishable for contempt for non compliance with the order for examination, and for good cause shown the wife of the bankrupt may be called and similarly examined.

Section 27 subdivides priority of claims as follows: First, Servants' wages under $50. Second, All the creditors *pro rata*, without any preference either from amount or date of claims, except that in cases wherein the bankrupt has become bail, surety or guarantor for another, the compliance of the latter with the conditions must be shown before the claim is allowed.

At the expiration of three months from the date of the adjudication of bankruptcy in any case, or as much earlier as the court may direct, the court, upon request of the assignee, shall call a general meeting of the creditors, of which due notice shall be given, and the assignee shall then report and exhibit to the court and to the creditors just and true accounts of all his receipts and payments, verified by his oath; and he shall also produce and file vouchers for all payments for which vouchers shall be required by any rule of the court; he shall also submit the schedule of the bankrupt's creditors and property as amended, duly verified by the bankrupt, and a statement of the whole estate of the bankrupt as then ascertained, of the property recovered and of the property outstanding, specifying the cause of its being outstanding, also what debts or claims are yet undetermined, and stating what sums remain in his hands. At such meeting the majority in value of the creditors present shall determine whether any and what part of the net proceeds of the estate, after deducting and retaining a sum sufficient to provide for all undetermined claims which, by reason of the distant residence of the creditor, or for other sufficient reason, have not been proved, and for other expenses and contingencies, shall be divided among the creditors; but unless at least one half in value of the creditors shall attend such meeting, either in person or by attorney, it shall be the duty of the assignee so to determine. In case a dividend is ordered, the Register shall, within ten days after such meeting, prepare a list of creditors entitled to dividend, and shall calculate and set opposite to the name of each creditor who has proved his claim, the dividend to which he is entitled out of the net proceeds of the estate set apart for dividend, and shall forward by mail to every creditor a statement of the dividend to which he is entitled, and such creditor shall be paid by the assignee in such manner as the court may direct.

Section 28 provides that the like proceedings shall be had at the expiration of the next three months, or earlier if practicable, and a third meeting of the creditors shall then be called by the Court, and a final dividend then declared, unless any action in law or suit in equity be pending, or unless some other estate or effects of the debtor afterwards come into the hands of the assignee, in which case the assignee shall, as soon as may be, convert such estate or effects into money, and within two months after the same shall be so converted the same shall be divided in the manner aforesaid. Further dividends shall be made in like manner as often as occasion requires; and after the third meeting of creditors, no further meeting shall be called unless ordered by the Court. If at any time there shall be in the hands of the assignee any outstanding debts or other property, due or belonging to the estate, which cannot be collected and received by the assignee without unreasonable or inconvenient delay or expense, the assignee may, under the direction of the Court, sell and assign such debts or other property in such manner as the Court shall order. No dividend already declared shall be disturbed by reason of debts being subsequently proved, but the creditor proving such debt shall be entitled to a dividend equal to those already received by the other creditors before any further payment is made to the latter. Preparatory to the final dividend, the assignee shall submit his account to the Court, and file the same and give notice to the creditors of such filing; and shall also give notice that he will apply for a settlement of his account, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee, at a time to be specified in such notice, and at such time the Court shall audit and pass the accounts of the assignee; and such assignee shall, if required by the Court, be examined as to the truth of such account, and if found correct he shall thereby be discharged from all liability as assignee to any creditor of the bankrupt. The Court shall thereupon order a dividend of the estate and effects, or of such part thereof as it sees fit, among such of the creditors as have proved their claims, in proportion to the respective amount of their said debts. In addition to all expenses necessarily incurred by him in the execution of his trust, in any case, the assignee shall be entitled to an allowance for his services in such case, on all monies received and paid out by him therein, for any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, five per centum thereon; on any larger sum, not exceeding five thousand dollars, two and a half per centum on the excess over five thousand dollars; and it at any time there shall not be in his hands a sufficient amount of money to defray the necessary expenses required for the further execution of his trust, he shall be entitled to receive the amount necessary for the purpose out of any moneys coming to the hands of any assignee subsequently appointed, which amount shall be secured to him. If, by accident, mistake, or other cause, without fault of the assignee, either or both of the said second and third meetings should not be held within the time limited, the Court may, upon motion of an interested party, order such meetings, with like effect as to the validity of the proceedings as if the meeting had been duly held. In the order for a dividend under this section, the following claims shall be entitled to priority or preference, and to be first paid in full in the following order:

First. The fees, costs and expenses of suits, and the several proceedings in bankruptcy under this act, and for the custody of property, as herein provided.

Second. All debts due to the United States, and all taxes and assessments under the laws thereof.

Third. All debts due to the State in which the proceedings in bankruptcy are pending, and all taxes and assessments made under the laws of such State.

Fourth. Wages due to any operative clerk or house servant, to any amount not exceeding $50, labor performed within six months next proceeding the first publication of the notice of proceedings in bankruptcy.

Fifth. All debts due to any persons who by the laws of the United States, are or may be entitled to priority or preference, in like manner as if this act had not been passed. Always provided, That nothing contained in this act shall interfere with the assessment and collection of taxes by the authority of the United States or any State.

Section 29 provides for the full discharge of the bankrupt six months after compliance with the above conditions in entire honesty and good faith.

Section 30 declares that no one shall be entitled a *second* time to the benefits of bankruptcy, whose estate is sufficient to pay 70 per centum of his debts, unless upon the written assent of three-fourths of his creditors in value.

Section 31 provides that any creditor opposing the discharge of any bankrupt may file a specification in writing of the grounds of his opposition, and the Court may, in its discretion, order any question of fact so presented to be tried at a stated session of the District Court.

Sections 32, 33 and 34 forbid the benefit of bankruptcy to one whose debts have accrued from their failures when in a fiduciary capacity, and provide for the full and final discharge of the honest bankrupt as follows:

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
—DISTRICT OF ——, Whereas —— has been duly adjudged a bankrupt under the act of Congress establishing a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States, and appears to have conformed to all the requirements of law in that behalf, it is therefore ordered by the Court that said —— be forever discharged from all debts and claims which by said act are made provable against his estate, and which existed on the —— day of ——, on which day the petition for adjudication was filed by (or against) him, excepting such debts, if any, as are by said act excepted from the operation of a discharge in bankruptcy. Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, at ——, in the said district, this —— day of ——, A. D. ——.

[Seal.]

Sections 36 and 37 provide for the extension of the acts to parties in partnership, and for the liability of the same kind of property as now obtains in ordinary winding up of partnership concerns.

Section 38 requires the due filing of all papers in the case in the order of their date, and classified as to title of subject matter.

Sections 39, 40, 41 and 42, provide that persons absent, with intent to defraud creditors, or who take any method to forestall the legal service of just and proved claims against him, are to have their property proceeded upon at the demands of creditors, who are to follow the same measures they would were the bankruptcy upon voluntary application.

In which case service of one notice upon such debtor to appear, is to be made in the same way, viz: by personal waiting upon, or by publication, as is now pursued in civil State actions; his non-appearance within the time specified causing the claims to go against him by default, which can afterwards be recalled for cause shown.

Sec. 43. And be it further enacted, That if at any meeting of creditors to be specially called for that purpose, and of which previous notice shall have been given for such length of time as the court may direct, three-fourths in value of the creditors shall resolve that it is for the interest of the general body of the creditors that the estate of the bankrupt should be wound up and settled, and distribution made, it shall be lawful for the creditors to certify and report such resolution to the court, and to nominate one or more trustees to take and hold and distribute the estate, under the direction of such committee. If it shall appear to the court, after having the bankrupt and such creditors as may desire to be heard, that the resolution was duly passed and that the interests of the creditors will be promoted thereby, it shall confirm the same; and upon the execution and filing by or on behalf of three fourths in value of all the creditors whose claims have been proved of a consent that the estate of the bankrupt be wound up and settled by said trustees according to the terms of such resolution, the bankrupt, or his assignee in bankruptcy if appointed, as the case may be, shall, under the direction of the court, and under oath, convey, transfer and deliver all the property and estate of the bankrupt to the said trustee or trustees, who shall, upon such conveyance and transfer, have and hold the same in the same manner, and with the same powers and rights, in all respects, as the bankrupt would have had or held the same if no proceedings in bankruptcy had been taken, or as the assignee in bankruptcy would have done had such resolution not been passed; and such consent and the proceedings thereunder shall be as binding in all respects on any creditor whose debts are provable, who has not signed the same, as if he had signed it, and on any creditor, whose debt, if provable, is not proved, as if he had proved it; and the court, by order, shall direct all acts and things needful to be done to carry into effect such resolution of the creditors, and the said trustees shall proceed to wind up and settle the estate under the direction and inspection of such committee of the creditors, for the equal benefit of all such creditors, and the winding up and settlement of any estate under the provisions of this section shall be deemed to be proceedings in bankruptcy under this act; and the said trustees shall have all the rights and powers of assignees in bankrupt. The court, on the application of such trustees, shall have power to summon and examine, on oath or otherwise, the bankrupt, and any creditor, and any person indebted to the estate, or known or suspected of having any of the estate in his possession, or any other person whose examination may be material or necessary to aid the trustees in the execution of their trust, and to compel the attendance of such persons and the production of books and papers in the same manner as in other proceeding in bankruptcy under this act; and the bankrupt shall have the like right to apply for and obtain a discharge after the passage of such resolution and the appointment of such trustees as it such resolution had not been passed, and as if all the proceedings continued in the same manner provided in the preceding sections of this act. If the resolution of the creditors aforesaid shall not be duly filed, or if, upon its filing, the court shall not think fit to approve thereof, the bankruptcy shall proceed as if no resolution had passed, and the court may make all necessary orders for resuming the proceedings, and the period of time which shall have elapsed between the date of the resolution and the date of the order for assuming proceeding shall not be reckoned in calculating periods of time prescribed by this act.

Section 44 provides that from and after the passage of this act, if any debtor or bankrupt shall, after the commencement of proceedings in bankruptcy, secrete or conceal any property belonging to his estate, or part with, conceal, or destroy, alter, mutilate, or falsify, or cause to be concealed, destroyed, altered, mutilated, or falsified, any book, deed, document, or writing relating thereto, or remove or cause to be removed the same or any part thereof, out of the district, or otherwise dispose of any part thereof, with intent to prevent it from coming into the possession of the assignee in bankruptcy, or to hinder, impede or delay either of them in recovering or receiving the same, or make any payment, gift, sale, assignment, transfer or conveyance of any property belonging to his estate with the like intent, or spend any part thereof in gaming; or shall, with intent to defraud, willfully or fraudulently conceal from his assignee, or omit from his schedule, any property or effects whatsoever; or if, in case of any person having, to his knowledge or belief, proved a false or fictitious debt against his estate, he shall fail to disclose the same to his assignee within one month after coming to the knowledge or belief thereof; or shall attempt to account for any of his property by fictitious losses or expenses; or shall, within three months before the commencement of proceedings in bankruptcy, under the false color or pretense of carrying on business and dealing in the ordinary course of trade, obtain on credit from any person any goods or chattels with intent to defraud his creditors, within three months next before the commencement of proceedings in bankruptcy, pawn, pledge, or dispose of otherwise than by *bona fide* transactions, in the ordinary way of his trade, any of his goods or chattels which have been obtained on credit and remain unpaid for, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, in any Court of the United States, shall be punished by imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for a term not exceeding three years.

Section 45, 46, 47, 48, 49 and 50 provide for the punishment of officers of the Court who act wrongly with intention in bankruptcy proceedings, with a fine not less than $300 or more than $500, and for imprisonment for less than five years. Also provides the same punishment for malfeasance on the part of all persons who shall forge or cause to be forged, or knowingly allow the forgery of any seal, or commission of either the judge or register, or who shall be guilty of any criminal action or knowledge in the provocation of any false commission or documents of bankruptcy in favor of any parties. Also the same schedule of fees for legal service, &c., is provided as now obtain in proceedings in the Courts of the United States in other matters.

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NOTICE.

SALES DURING COURT WEEKS.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF McDOWELL Superior Court, I will sell to the highest bidder at the times and places herein named, the following tracts of land belonging to the estate of the late J. L. Carson, in the Counties of McDowell, Burke and Yancy.

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1st. The Home Tract of the late Col Carson on Buck Creek and the Catawba, widely known as upper Pleasant Gardens, 1000 acres or more.

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16—Half of two 640 acre tracts lying on Clear Creek

17—640 acres on the North Side of the Catawba.

18—100 acres on the head waters of Armstrong Creek.

19—One third of 640 acres in and about the Town of Marion.

20—One third of Town Lot No. 2, situated between the brick Stores of Burgin and Mull.

21—Town lot No. 24, Corner Store house on the public square.

IN BURKE,

At the Court House in Morganton on Tuesday 2nd, April.

22—A fraction of the celebrated Brindletown Gold Mine.

23—A Share in the Joshua Hall Mine.

24—An interest in the Micajah Hall Mine.

25—An interest in the Dorsey Mine, all valuable mineral Lands.

IN CALDWELL,

At the Court House in Burnsville on Tuesday 26th April.

26—200 Acres on the forks of South Toe River.

3—50 Acres on stuff fork of said River.

4—50 Acres on head of Stuffork.

5—50 Acres on the head of Still Fork.

6—50 Acres on Main branch of said Fork.

7—100 Acres on West Side of Blue Ridge and on branch of Still Fork.

8—100 Acres on Blue and Seven Mile Ridge.

9—100 Acres on Blue Ridge including the Flat Springs.

11—100 Acres on Seven Mile Ridge.

12—100 Acres on South Toe River.

13—A tract on Seven Mile Ridge.

14—640 Acres on same Ridge known as the Ainsworth Tract.

15—400 Acres on the three forks of South Toe River.

Forming a contiguous body on Ridge and River of superior grazing lands. Further particulars on the day of sale.

TERMS: Twelve months credit, approved security required. Title [illegible] till the purchase money is paid.

[illegible]GGIN,
Administrator.

Feb 7-155-w6w

PUBLIC SALE.

On Tuesday, 26th inst., at my residence, three and a half miles north of Pittsboro, I will sell to the highest bidder SEVERAL VERY FINE MULES, a yoke of cattle, sheep, hogs, &c.

Also, one hundred barrels best brand CORN, ten or twelve thousand pounds fodder, oats, &c., &c.

Also, one threshing machine, wheat fan, cutting knife, plows, hoes and every description of farming utensils.

One set black-smith tools, &c., &c.,

The above named property will be sold *strictly for cash and no mistake.*

W. S. GARRETT.

mar 6-177-w3t Pittsboro, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

Having made large additions to our

BOOK AND JOB TYPE,

We are prepared to do all kinds of

BOOK AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING

Promptly and in the best style of the art.

OUR PRINTING PRESSES

are of the best manufacture in the world, the same as used by the Harpers, and leading Publishers in N. Y., and our facilities for doing work of any kind at the

SHORTEST NOTICE

on the most REASONABLE TERMS, and in SUPERIOR STYLE, equal to any in the country.

Contracts made for the printing of Newspapers and Magazines.

Blanks, Checks, plain or colored,
Cards,
Bill Heads,
Hand Bills,
Posters,
Circulars,
Letter Heads,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,

At the shortest notice and most reasonable prices.

ORNAMENTAL & COLORED PRINTING

To suit all tastes.

We are prepared to do any kind of letter-press printing, from an Invitation Card to a Book of one housand pages, expeditiously, economically and sattisfactorily.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,
Jan 5—tf Raleigh, N. C.

CANTWELL'S JUSTICE.

FOR Farmers, Lawyers and Magistrates. Call and get a copy. Price $2.

BRANSON & FARRAR.

Jan 26-145-tf

A SAFE INVESTMENT.

ALTHOUGH the business of all Trades and Professions have been considered Cash since the close of the war, we have given a special credit to many of our Friends and Patrons, some of whom have paid us nothing since that time, and as we can't afford to pay cash and give unlimited credit, this is to give notice that our accounts are now ready and that all are expected to call and settle the same without delay.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Dec 17-2tf

Court Advertisements.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } BERTIE COUNTY. }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEB. TERM, 1867.

Jarred Peele, } vs. Wm. T. Shaw. } *Attachment.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Wm. T. Shaw is and resides beyond the limits of this State: It is ordered that publication be made in the *Sentinel*, (a paper published in Raleigh, N. C.) for six weeks, notifying the defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Windsor, on the second Monday of May next, and answer or plead to the same, or judgment final will be entered against him.

Witness, WILLIAM P. GURLEY, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Windsor, the second Monday of February, A. D. 1867.

WM. P. GURLEY,
mar 14-184-tf C. C. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } BERTIE COUNTY. }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEB. TERM, 1867.

Lewis Cotton, } vs. Wm. J. Shaw. } *Attachment.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Wm. T. Shaw is and resides beyond the limits of this State; It is ordered that publication be made in the *Sentinel*, a paper published in Raleigh, N. C. for six weeks notifying the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court to be held at the Court House in Windsor, on the second Monday of May next and answer or plead to the same; or judgment final will be entered against him

Witness, WILLIAM P. GURLEY, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Windsor, the second Monday of February, A. D. 1867.

WM. P. GURLEY,
mar 14-184-w6w C. C. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } BERTIE COUNTY. }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS FEB. TERM, 1867.

Joseph D. Clark, } vs. Wm. T. Shaw. } *Attachment.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Wm. T. Shaw is and resides beyond the limits of this State; It is ordered that publication be made in the *Sentinel*, (a paper published in Raleigh, N. C.) for six weeks, notifying the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Windsor, on the second Monday of May next, and answer or plead to the same, or judgment final will be entered against him.

Witness, WILLIAM P. GURLEY, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Windsor, the second Monday of February, A. D. 1867.

WM. P. GURLEY,
mar 14-184-w6w C. C. C.

EQUITY NOTICE.

LUCY HERVEY BY HER NEXT FRIEND LAWRENCE HERVEY, *against* JOHN HERVEY AND HENRY J. HERVEY.

It appearing that John Hervy, one of the defendants in this cause, is a non-resident of the State of North Carolina, it is therefore ordered by the Court of Equity for Nash County that publication be made in the "Weekly *Sentinel*," a newspaper published in the city of Raleigh, for six weeks notifying the said John Hervy of the filing of this petition, and that unless he appears at the next term of said Court and answer, plead or demur to the petition, the same will be heard *ex parte* as to him.

JOHN H. THORP, C. M. E.

Feb 2-151-w6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } BERTIE COUNTY. }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEB. TERM 1867.

Joseph H. Hardy, } vs. Wm. T. Shaw. } *Attachment.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Wm. T. Shaw is, and resides beyond the limits of this State: It is ordered, that publication be made in the *Sentinel*, for six weeks, notifying the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Windsor on the second Monday of May next, and answer or plead to the same, or judgment final will be entered against him.

Witness, WILLIAM P. GURLEY, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Windsor, the second Monday of February A. D. 1867.

WM. P. GURLEY,
mar 15-185-w6w C. C. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } BERTIE COUNTY. }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEB. TERM, 1867.

Joseph H. Myers, } vs. Wm. H. Hoggard. } *Attachment.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Wm. H. Hoggard is, and resides beyond the limits of this State; It is ordered that publication be made, in the *Sentinel*, (a paper published in Raleigh, N. C.) for six weeks, notifying the defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Windsor, on the second Monday of May next, and answer or plead to the plaintiff's action, or judgment final will be entered against him.

Witness, WILLIAM P. GURLEY, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Windsor, the second Monday of February, A. D. 1867.

WM. P. GURLEY,
mar 15-185-w6w C. C. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } GATES COUNTY. }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEB. TERM, 1867.

Solomon Rountree, adm'r. of F. R. Jones, dec'd. vs. O. R. Flynn. } *Original Attachment.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that O. R. Flynn is and resides beyond the limits of this State: It is ordered that publication be made in the *Sentinel*, (a paper published in Raleigh, N. C.) for six weeks, notifying the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Gatesville, on the second Monday of May next, and answer or plead to the same; or judgment final will be entered against him.

Witness, HENRY L. EURE, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Gatesville.

HENRY L. EURE,
mar 15-185-w6w C. C. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE TO RESpectfully inform those who have heretofore patronized him, and the public generally, that he is now carrying on the

TAILORING BUSINESS,

A few paces South of the Court House, one door West of R. G. Lewis' law office.

All orders in his line of business will be promptly attended to and thankfully received.

Special attention will be paid to renovating old clothes. All spots of grease, turpentine, &c., entirely removed. F. G. KING.

mar 6-177-1w

SEGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE are in receipt of a lot of Segars and Chewing Tobacco that can't be beaten. Call and see.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Dec 17-tf

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

50,000 LBS. OF NICE, CLEAN, PURE ice from fresh running Springs, for sale at 2½ cents per lb. Apply to

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Feb 26-171-tf

AMERICAN HOTEL,

CHESTNUT STREET,

OPPOSITE OLD INDEPENDENCE HALL,

PHILADELPHIA.

S. M. HEULINGS,

Jan 12—3m PROPRIETOR.

COURT ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } MACON COUNTY. }

SUPERIOR COURT OF LAW, FALL TERM 1866.

S. W. Hill, } vs. H. Kelly. } *Original Attachment.*

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that H. Kelly, the defendant in this case, is a non resident of this State: Therefore it is ordered, that publication be made in the *Sentinel*, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six successive weeks, notifying the defendant to be and appear before the judge of our Superior Court of Law, at the next Court to be held for the County of Macon, at the Court House in Franklin on the third Monday in April next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said attachment, or judgment will be taken *pro confesso*.

Witness, W. N. ALLMAN, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Franklin, the third Monday in Sept., 1866.

W. N. ALLMAN, C. C. C.

mar 8-173-w6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } PERSON COUNTY. }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, DECEMBER TERM, 1866.

Dr. William Merritt Ex'r. Saml. R. Wilson dec'd. vs. Elizabeth Wilson, John Wilson, Arch. Wilson and others, Children and heirs at law of Saml. R. Wilson dec'd.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the above parties defendants, are not residents of the State, it is ordered that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Raleigh *Sentinel*, notifying to said defendants the filing of the petition, and that if they do not appear at the next term of this Court to be held in Roxborough, on the third Monday of March 1867, and answer said petition, judgment on the *same pro confesso* will be granted against them.

Witness, SAML. Y. BROWN, Clerk of said Court the third Monday of December 1866.

SAML. Y. BROWN, C. C. C.

Feb5-153-w6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } WAKE COUNTY. }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, FEB. TERM, 1867.

Wm. H. Hood, Admr. vs. Michiel Whitly and others. } *Petition to make real estate assets.*

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Wm. R. Whitly and Higdon Whitly, two of the defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore, on motion, ordered by the Court, that advertisement be made, for six weeks successively in the Raleigh *Sentinel*, a news paper published in Raleigh, notifying the said defendant of the filing of this petition, and that unless they appear at the next term of this Court, to wit the third Monday in May next, then and there to answer, plead or demur, judgement *pro confesso* will be taken as to them.

Witness, J. J. FERRELL, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Raleigh, the third Monday of Feb. 1867.

J. J. FER